2600 Magazine – Volume 12, Number 2



STAFF

Editor-In-Chief Emmanuel Goldstein

Cover Design Scott Skinner

Layout

Office Manager Tampruf

Holly Kaufman Spruch

nected to the Internet actually are, the Defense Information Systems Agency revealed that it has conducted mock attacks on more than 8,000 DOD computers over the last two years. The DISA team successfully broke into more than 88 percent of the "In a dramatic confirmation of how vulnerable Defense Department computers concomputers. Less than 5 percent even realized they had been attacked."
- Federal Computer Week, February 6, 1995.

Mr. Upsetter, Voyager, Dr. Williams. Mr. French, Bob Hardy, Kingpin, Knight Lightning, NC-23, Peter Rabbit, David Ruderman, Silent Switchman, Count Zero, Kevin Crow, Dr. Delam, John Drake, Paul Estev Writers: Billsf, Blue Whale, Commander Crash, Eric Corley,

Prisoners: Bernie S., Kevin Mitnick

Network Operations: Max-q, Phiber Optik, Piotrus

Voice Mail: Neon Samurai

Webmaster: Bloot

Technical Expertise: Rop Gonggrijp, Joe630.

Enforcement: Sarlo.

Shout Outs: Tom Mandel.

GUTS

2051) is sublished quarterly by 2600 Enterprises Inc.,	npalist	news items	2600 marketplace	coping with cable delilal 2	war dialing	radio reviews	letters	hacking as/400	diverters	day of tile lidene	citibarik atılı lalı	atm tricks	the gender silvopor	new antiviral technicios	The period as says	to borning spanish
0 Enterprises Inc.,) (л (50	48	43	40	36	28	22	20	18	16	13	10	တ	4

Second class postage permit paid at Setauket, New York.

POSTMASTER: Send address changes to
2600, P.O. Box 752, Middle Island, NY 11953-0752. 7 Strong's Lane, Setauket, NY 11733.

Copyright (c) 1995 2600 Enterprises, Inc. Yearly subscription: U.S. and Canada -\$21 individual, \$50 corporate (U.S. funds). Overseas - \$30 individual, \$65 corporate.

Back issues available for 1984-1994 at \$25 per year, \$30 per year overseas. Individual issues available from 1988 on at \$6.25 each, \$7.50 each overseas.

ADDRESS ALL SUBSCRIPTION CORRESPONDENCE TO: 2600 Subscription Dept., P.O. Box 752, Middle Island, NY 11953-0752 (subs@2600.com). FOR LETTERS AND ARTICLE SUBMISSIONS, WRITE TO: 2600 Editorial Dept., P.O. Box 99, Middle Island, NY 11953-0099 2600 Office Line: 516-751-2600, 2600 FAX Line: 516-474-2677 (letters@2600.com, articles@2600.com).

Page 3

Summer 1995

PIONEERING NEW ANTIVIRAL TECHNOLOGIES

y Adam Youn

I am a hacker and a computer scientist and I have studied viruses from both perspectives since the mid 1980's. Knowing how viruses work helps to distinguish between good antiviral software and bad antiviral software. Similarly, knowing how antiviral programs works helps one to write better and more effective viruses. This article summarizes many years of my independent study on computer viruses.

This article is divided into several sections. In the first section, I correct the mismiformation in an article in 2600 called "Protecting your Virus". Background information is then provided on the use of cryptographic checksums for antiviral purposes. In the third section I assume the role of an antiviral developer and explain an idea of mine that could significantly reduce the viral threat to society. The last section covers how this new method can be bypassed by certain viruses.

This will be of use to virus writers and antiviral developers alike. It contains information that can help antiviral developers make software more resistant to viral attack. It also explains how to correctly "protect your virus" and explains one possible method to bypass programs that do cryptographic checksums.

How to Really Protect Your Virus

In order to explain the new antiviral development, the concept of "polymorphic viruses" must first be explained. A polymorphic virus is a self-replicating program whose object code changes to avoid detection by antiviral scanners. This change can be made to occur once every generation of the virus or more, depending on how safe the virus needs to be. The topic of polymorphic viruses was incorrectly given in

the article, "Protecting Your Virus" by Dr. Bloodmoney in 2600 Magazine, Vol. 10, No. 3. Dr. Bloodmoney provided a "viral protection mechanism" that will, to the contrary, cause viruses with this mechanism to be easily detected by antiviral programs. The concept of polymorphic viruses has been around since at least the 1980's. The Internet Worm exhibited certain polymorphic attributes. Refer to the comp virus newsgroup on the net for more on the subject. The following is the structure of a virus that can evade detection by antiviral scanners:



Decryption Header Jump to Main Part of Virus Body - MtE Body - Main Part of Virus

Here is how it works:

- The operating system sends control to the virus.
- The Header executes and decrypts the entire body of the virus.
 Control jumps over the MtE routine

to the main part of the virus.

- 4) The main part of the virus executes and the virus replicates. The ME (mutating engine) is executed to make the child virus have a different header than the parent. A random number is generated. The random number is to XORed with each machine word in the body of the child to ensure that the encrypted body of the child is different from the encrypted body of the parent. The random number is then written
- to the header of the child virus.
 5) Control is sent to the host program

The Dark Avenger is credited with the term MtE. He is the infamous backer who distributed source code for a MtE function. This source code is not very special since it is easy to write the function once the purpose of the function is understood.

The mutation routine creates modified versions of the decryption header in the viral offspring. Dijkstra once said that all that is necessary to represent program structure is sequence, iteration, and condition. As it turns out, very often portions of "sequence code" in programs can be rearranged without changing the output of the code. The mutating routine can therefore generate headers with varying instruction sequences. Many mutating routines also interleave "dummy" instructions between the useful instructions in the header. The following is a list of example dummy instructions in pseudo

NOP	DIV	MUL	SUB	ADD	OR
	#1, reg1	#1, reg2	#0, reg1	#0, reg1	#0, reg1

The above instructions are based on the mathematical property that x + 0 = x, x - 0 = x, etc. Microprocessors support such instances of these instructions even though they obviously accomplish nothing. By randomly interleaving dummy instructions in the header, the header becomes harder to detect by antiviral scanners. Therefore, by using this method both the header and the body are mutated from generation to generation.

Dr. Bloodmoney's mechanism uses a header that never gets mutated. Therefore, all a scanner has to do is search for Dr. Bloodmoney's header. Polymorphic viruses are loved by virus writers because they

with the | cause the number of false positives during toker who | antiviral scans to increase.

Cryptographic Checksums

A checksum is defined as "any fixed length block functionally dependent on every bit of the message, so that different messages have different checksums with high probability"1. In the case of checksums on programs, the programs' object code is the "message". A program can detect viral infection by performing a cryprographic checksum on itself when it runs. If the checksum fails, the program concludes that it has been modified in some way, and notifies the user. A checksum will almost always indicate an infection when a virus attaches itself to a host that performs integrity checking.

Since most programmers do not even know what a cryptographic self-check is, self-checks are often not included in final products. Another reason why they are not widely used is that the software needed to perform strong checksums is not widely available. The disadvantages to self-checks are that they are not needed in programs and that they use a small amount of CPU time. The amount of CPU time used is insignificant compared to the increase in product reliability. This is why all well written commercial programs perform integrity checks.

The Need for Availability and Standardization

y programs succumb to infection by pathetic e viruses, and I have seen too many programs perform weak self-checks. It is embarrassing how many viruses flourish on the IBM PC compatible platform. You want to know why there are so few Mac viruses? Everyone wants to know why. I he main reason is that more Mac programs perform self-checks than

Summer 1995

Page 7

can be made to be more resistant to viral this section I will explain how all programs PC programs. It's that simple. In the rest of

able to do so and only they will achieve lenging, then only the best hackers will be a virus that spreads becomes more chalviruses? 1,500 or 2,000 people? If writing himself. How many people have written PC every hacker wants to make a name for than everyone else. It therefore follows that selves on knowing more about computers Hackers are egomaniacs who pride themnew antiviral development is in the best interest of society and hackers alike. It may not be obvious at first, but this

the host is the same as it was originally. of the code with garbage so that the size of host, infect the host, and then buffer the end could delete non-critical resources in a sent. This is not good enough. A virus that certain resources and overlays are preply verify their own size in bytes and verify checks. Most self-checking programs simperform self-checks. Of those that do, very few perform strong cryptographic selffrom my own research. Very few programs The need for standardization is apparent

is the prototype: function called selfcheck(). The following ANSI C standard library should contain a the viral threat to society. For example, the function. This would significantly reduce include a strong cryptographic checksum all popular commercial languages should I propose that the standard libraries of

int selfcheck(void); /* returns true if checksum succeeds, false otherwise

with all major compilers, then programmers would have easy access to a strong cryptographic self-checking routine. It is If this were standardized and included

> small one. tively. Also, these viruses would be larger widely known that most viruses spread large virus is much easier to detect than a set of viruses would be able to spread effecprograms. Then, in time, only a small subbe easy for them to call the function in their domain software developers had this functhrough the public domain. If public circumvent this protection mechanism. A and more complex since they would have to tion in their standard libraries, then it would

of all public domain software for the PC compilers were used to make roughly 90% the PC platform. He knows that the comlowing program using each compiler: platform. Hacker X then compiles the fol-For the sake of argument let's say these the popular C compiler called "compB" knows that selfcheck() is in the library of selfcheck() in its standard library. He also mercial C compiler called "compA", has ing attack. Hacker X is writing a virus for routines. For example, consider the followvirus that disables the proposed checksum because it would be too easy to write a this question. It probably hasn't been done quite a while. I think I know the answer to checksum technology has been around for already been done? Strong cryptographic The next question is, why hasn't this

#include <stdlib.h>

main()

selfcheck();

overwritten with NOPs. tial host. If the functions are found in the host, the routine selfeheck() in the host is to search for these functions in any poteneach program and chooses two search strings. Hacker X then programs his virus He then analyzes the object code of The very

> program calls selfcheck(), TRUE is TRUE. Therefore, whenever the infected instruction in selfcheck() is made to return

selfcheck() scanners! viruses would soon include standardized standardized self-checking routines, then above argument that if programs included One could therefore conclude from the

a virus is an intractable problem. using this method, detecting selfcheck() by is then included in the final program. The source files. Adleman proved that detecting In a similar manner, one can conclude that an arbitrary virus is an intractable problem. random linker insures that selfcheck() is placed at mutates selfcheck(). This mutated version is compiled, the compiler completely to all ANSI C compilers!!! The new ANSI library, a mutation engine should be added course not. I propose that in addition to gy only useful as a viral technology? Of Every time a program that calls selfcheck() C compiler would then work as follows. adding selfcheck() to the ANSI C standard lowing question. Is polymorphic technolocumvented. To see how, let me ask the fol-As it turns out, this problem can be cirbetween the functions from the

lowing code: their programs by simply including the folto significantly increase the security of one who uses standard libraries will be able If the above idea is implemented, every-

#include <stdlib.h>

/* rest of program */ if (!selfcheck()) main() exit(1); printf("You got problems pal!\n");

> This would significantly enhance the security of all Division D ADP's (i.e. Macs and IBM PC's). See the DoD Orange Book for details.

How to Bypass

I have included this section for compar-Cryptographic Self-Checks

replace them. supplement viral protection systems, not to The aforementioned method is to be used to be all and end all of preventative measures. that cryptographic self-checks are not the important that the general public realize ison purposes to the above section. It is

control to the host. If the host calls selfmake the virus more vulnerable? Think host, the virus disinfects itself. Does this what if, prior to sending control to the check(), the virus will be detected. But in a host, it remains in the host and sends tionally, when the virus finishes executing cations when they terminate. Now tradipatches a routine such that it infects appligram when it starts up, let's assume it ating system routine so that it infects a pro-Rather than having the virus patch an opervirus is in RAM it tries to infect programs the boot sector infects RAM. When the When the computer is booted, the virus in boot sector. When the virus is run in an can reside in RAM, in a program, or in the application it tries to infect the boot sector Consider a three phase virus. The virus

Bibliography

Publishing Co., 1982, p. 147. 1. Denning, Dorothy E., "Cryptography and Data Security," Addison-Wesley

Verlag, 1990. Abstract Theory of Computer Viruses" '88, S. Goldwasser(ed.), Springer-403, Advances in Computing-Crypto Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Vol 2. Adleman, Leonard M., "An

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Page 9

end erSnooper The schematic shown below is for the

exactly like a gender changer. numbers. Never heard of such a device you GenderSnooper does just that, and looks those much needed passwords and dialup inline with the cable, you could retrieve cables? Perhaps by slipping something data the computer sends down its RS232 link. What if it were possible to monitor all external modem that uses an RS232 data What now? Give up? No way! They use an to bother going back to it a second time. the PC is so hard to get to, you don't want patience to figure out. Or maybe getting to their grades to the main computer. You figthe numbers your school uses to upload computer you haven't got the time nor the wait! They use some screwball proprietary PC's by installing a key capture TSR... but ure it would be an easy task to hack their simple enough to solve... you want to get So you have this problem that seems Well, the wait is over.

either an FM radio or your scanner. results in crappy reception at higher speeds, but it still works. R1 should be adjusted have a bandwidth of 15 khz or so. This and the length of antenna wire used, as well as the orientation of the antenna. For best while you listen to the received signal from up to 19.2k. Most scanners, however, only can support reliable reception of baud rates depends highly on the frequency chosen theory books on RF. The transmitting range a tank circuit found in most any electronics FM radios have a very wide bandwidth and results, use the FM broadcast band. Most chosen based upon the typical equation for quency transmitted on. These values are create the tank circuit which sets the freinside a gutted gender changer. C1 and L1 transmitter. The one I built was housed

receiver circuitry. LM741 op amps and the 7400 TTL chip, as well as the MC1488 chip The figure on the right depicts the

LM741

LM741

+5v

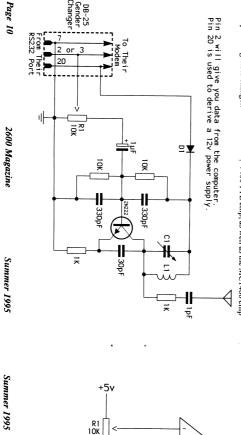
+5v

R2 10K

2600 Magazine

Page 11

Audio In



port and scanner PC, and plug in the receiver into the serial it. Load up a terminal proggie on the other time to hook up the receiver and calibrate are sure you've got the signal tuned in, it's alternating, low frequency tones. Once you and find the signal. It should sound like (whatever you are using to receive with) Now go over to your FM radio or scanner upload of a 50 meg text file at 300 bps favorite terminal proggie. Start some large on the port of one, and load up your from each other. Place the GenderSnooper cal. In order to calibrate the receiver, you must first locate two PC's within a few feet

moving the "detection" levels for 1 and 0. soon get it. Essentially, all you are doing is the signal. With a little patience, you'll switch SW1 to the other position to invert ing R1 on the transmitter, or try flipping can't get a good signal, then try re-adjustdoing this until the signal looks clear. If you still garbage, raise R1 and R2 again. Keep What are you getting on your screen? If it is and R2 so the voltage is slightly above 0. ply voltage into the op-amps. Adjust R1 are both delivering exactly half of the supadjust both pots in the receiver until they patience. Get your multimeter out, very difficult, so you need to have lots of ting will distort the signal. Now here's the fun part. Calibration of the transmitter is hear it. Don't go too high! Too high of a setyour receiver. Now, slowly turn it until you Adjust R1 until you can't hear the signal in Calibration of the transmitter is easy. and

> at 19.2k bps. achieved a maximum reliable range of the transmitter and receiver farther apart. baud rates until it works at the highest one calibration process at higher and higher about 550 feet using the FM broadcast band plished that, then you should begin moving you expect to use. After you have accom-

are all available presently at your local Radio Hack store. Calibration is very criti-

er simply outputs the same logic signal (1 Between these pulses, however, there is The transmitter simply sends out pulses of between each pulse. for a positive pulse, 0 for a negative) nothing but noise in the signal. The receivdown. For a "0", the signal pulses negative the signal pulses positive, then slowly drifts these pulses in the audio signal. For a "1" computer's port. The receiver picks RF with every bit transition of the target So how does it work? It's quite simple

Worked like a dream! most cases with my capture file open this in combination with a walkman inside my coat, and just stood around the target in built-in communications software. I used can get it around the target without being notebook, or palmtop. Just make sure you device, and it was for educational purposes computers, the DMV, and a few others. Of palmtop. It has a built-in serial port, is no suspicious. I purchased an HP2000LX PC, get one. It doesn't matter if it's a laptop, only! If you don't already own a portable course, I had their permission to test the helpful in getting into the local library? has many applications. It has been greatly larger than a checkbook, and comes with As you might have guessed, this device

Detect 0 See the figure below. You should repeat this Detect 1-Happy hacking

2600 Magazine

Page 12

Summer 1995

by Helen Gone

guy had been working on Lotus 123 for his tree out to its very end, filled out some batch file now and again. Repetitive keyand worked it out to the end and so on. One paperwork, then started at the next branch, strokes simply meant they took each menu doing repetitive keystrokes with the odd jobs. This testing was comprised entirely of co-ops who wished they had other co-op nous/etc. and it made for a lot of unhappy in 3rd party PC software. "Testing" was much forced to work 50/60 hours a week puter science students who were pretty semester, I met a group of about ten comschool and some experience. One co-op "testing". "Testing" was looking for errors This was for the pursuit of bucks to stay in an electrical engineering co-op student. During college I alternated semesters as dull/boring/tedious/monoto-

ent banks. machines that were owned/leased by differcially the differences in the similar started remembering the differences, espenever documented any of this. I simply different hardware and software revs. I've then slowly, the subtle differences between ences between the manufacturers of ATMs, led me to begin noticing the obvious differpretty easy to work the menus over pretty times as I hit the ole money machine, it was some "testing" of my own. With as many to my ATM interests and I soon started well for anything that seemed soft. The task Anyway, this technique seemed relevant

cash delivery door. You all have used it. It's lems. Its most notable feature and flaw is its stand out as the one with the most prob-One rev of Diebold machines began to

times got the card back card was "captured" the next day sometalking the people at the bank where the stand how to use my ATM card. Also sweetcut up with an ever-so-sweet letter explainto come back in the mail, either usable or ing who I should call should I not under have to wait a couple of weeks for the card could make cards in-house, and I did not My bank was cool in the fact that they extra/replacement cards became necessary. different branches of my bank for course - reset. I soon learned that trips to begin not tickling the watchdog, and of spit your card back, while other revs would ations. Some revs would say thank you and the hitting of Cancel during different oper-Diebolds seemed particularly sensitive to resulted in the loss of your card. These reset would occur. The reset typically watchdog in some allotted time, a hardware bombs. If the software did not tickle the watchdog timer to recover from software "testing", was the use of (I'll guess) a feature/problem, which I found during my others make - usually. ware can usually save the screw-ups the ically the order the BS slides. Good softdisciplines in that order because that is typcerning the door. I put the three designing cal/software) made a bad assumption condoor. The designers all (mechanical/electrimakes that wonderful "bang!" sound when became my central interest because of the this clear anodized box. This machine you crash the door to the top to see your which time it starts beeping, saying: chug-chug "oh I got bucks" sound) the one where the door stays locked until well-earned money laying in a stack inside "Please lift door and remove cash" and then your cash is delivered (and while delivering, it makes that heartwarming chug-The other at

whole co-op. He was the unhappiest of all.

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

made closure then this meant the user, the guess some pseudo-code might look like ATMee, had removed the bucks. We'll somewhere inside the door mechanism, had designers made the assumption (Assump-(just because I've always wanted some code tion #1) that if a cherry switch, located UnloadBucks(MaxBuck\$)

Going back to the main feature/flaw, the

DoorWithFlawIs(UnLocked)

EndWhile While We're Waiting Print "PLEASE OPEN DOOR AND If DoorSwitch == CLOSED thenTellBeeperTo(BEEP)EverySoOftenTickle(The WatchDog) REMOVE CASH" We'veNotWaiting MaxBuckS = Removed

beeping and asking you to remove your never closed, the machine will just loop, waiting. With cash in hand and switch more things must next occur. The first is Assumption #1. For completion several photo once the door is opened. See myth holds true that the camera takes your works just fine with an added bonus if the door. A small hand or a popsicle stick of course) around the first 1/3 motion of the out the switch ever having made closure. door could be open and cash removed with-The switch can be heard to click (this varies And, ta-da! The flaw is simply that the

> machine resets. Money in hand, card in already removed cash. The second is the monthly statement (see below). machine, but hopefully another card in you and correctly assume that you magicalpocket! The final chapter shows up in your imaginary side of the plane and the not behave this way. At t >= 30 seconds and ly removed the money. The target rev did Cancel. Most revs spit your card back at Cancel key hit, the poles shift over to that

ing tampering with ATM's have also been approach. I'm pretty sure the laws concerndoors at all or a totally different door these machines are today quite few and far college seven years now and can say that the kegger's on me, huh! I've been out of assigns you the cash back. This weekend, replaced as well. number of configurations, most with no flaw. The replacement machines have any between due mostly due to the door/switch delivering money, a transaction error during a transaction even past the point of Assumption #2. If the machine bombs

Number 2

provides a card reader/keypad/terminal/ ATM-like service. This nameless company than observing the plain stupidity of a terminal you swipe your card (no card capprinter inside their establishment. At the company providing customers with an article. It's not so much of a hack other ty much the impetus for writing this whole This one I just saw the other day is pret-

> minal. No magic key card swipe then code the machine is back in swipe-a-card mode. Reprint". Here comes my new receipt and "Authorized Reprint - Press Enter for shoulder surfable code. Five digits, press combination, just a plain old five digit rity: a five digit code is entered into the terworld of high tech computer terminal secusalesperson comes over and first opens the top and a yellow one for the customer credit cards where there is a white copy on my receipt had no place for me to sign. The Looking over my new authorized reprint I key is needed here. Next, enter the shaky bottom up and fixes the jammed printer. A underneath. At seeing the problem, the receipts are quite similar to those of any The printer became somewhat jammed and slight hangup which was pure coincidence. nance machine. My transaction had one life is just way easier with this low mainte-Simple, with the single point cash idea, and sign it, the salesperson then takes the it to the counter for the bucks. After you receipt and gives you the amount indicated. shells out a receipt and informs you to take ture here!), enter your PIN, and then the amount you want. The printer promptly the terminal displays

than any fear we install. direct many appears to weigh much heavier people, managers, etc.) and the policy to administrator usually means many (salesadministrator needs just a code. required to have a card and code while the not for the administrator. The user is and over how rules that apply to the user do to itself? Spill coffee on it? You see it over shoulder surf the code? Refeed the copy on ence. As for how do you get the chance to reprinted account never knows the differwork function, [nameless] is the loser, the the last person got. Since it was a non-netjust got handed the same amount of money cutey, huh!" distracter, and - tada! - you and do the ole "Boy, that Brad Pitt sure is a it with some mess, take it to the counter then enter again, tear off the print out, sign enough. Walk in, five digits, press enter code will work at another location? Sure wide chain with many locations even withand go. Now [nameless] is a large nationof other bank babble. Sign it, get the cash the original. Easily missed, it says in the city - what are the odds that the same "Reprinted" midway down amongst a slew

Special thanx to FlyCac Technologies and iBruiseEasily for some thoughts and



Page 14

DATE 7/11

-350.00

WITHDRAW 7/11 LOC-D 1972/2002

AMOUNT

DESCRIPTION

7/11

+350.00

DEPOSIT 7/11 ANYWHERE 1000 MAIN STREET

USA LOC-D 1972/2002

BIGBANK

TRANS AT LOC-D

BIGBANK

NET RES ERROR 3R3-01312000342-809

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Page 15

7

atm

at each branch has special access. It's my without the fancy graphical front end. perhaps it's simply regular ATM access account access for employees or others. Or wide maintenance, but it might be special guess the access is for some sort of system-To find if a machine has this feature Apparently at least one CitiBank ATM

hear a beep with each tap, you're golden. can perform without an ATM card. If you of the display. (Citibank machines have software buttons.) This is the only part you touch-sensitive screens, and they display Instead tap your finger twice in the top third ignore the instructions to dip your card. The ATM will now show a "DIP"

ous hacking. Don't say I didn't warn you. bank with some protection against any serithe public was never intended to see them. known to CitiBank. This alone provides the identity, and everything you do, can be your ATM card, so be warned that your this point on are crude, apparently because The only way to proceed now is to dip

instruction. What graphics there are from

Enter, etc. Each press of Enter adds an asterisk to the text entry box. After your PIN the Enter, then the # five times, and then secret PIN is 6543, tap the # six times, then enter that number. For instance, if your each number and tap the Enter button to you type in your secret PIN. Tap once for primitive stuff here. The # button is where fooled by the absence of a keypad; this is labelled Enter, Go, Exit, and #. Don't be buttons, each with a different shape, Surrounding this text-entry box are four long. Each tap in this box enters an asterisk. and perhaps twelve or fifteen characters ter is a text-entry box, one character high, will display a set of four choices. In the cen-After the ATM detects the dip, the screen

has been entered this way, press the Go key

March 16, 1995

520 Broad Hollow Road Melville, NY 11747 516 420-3000

displayed. You're popped back onto the first Death sound signals failure as "Sorry!" is Wait message appear, and then a Pacman's tons in the wrong order, a clock face and If you typed inaccurately or pressed but-

teed to get you stares from fellow bankers. transaction, victory music plays - guaranpeople. At the conclusion of a successful raises the possibility of this being an the conclusion of your transaction, which counting. A double-sized receipt prints at undocumented service for sight-impaired account using the same crude method of bottom. (The Deposit option will only You can withdraw money from your appear if you use a Citibank ATM card.) top, and Cash and Deposit buttons at the appears, with Exit and Go buttons at the But if all went well, a new screen now

this "feature" in all of their machines makscreen), the ATM will remain there for at for anyone attempting to use them. ing it very easy to cause massive confusion least a few minutes. Some branches have (two taps on the upper right hand side of the Note: when put into this special mode

OUT CRUISING THE NIEXULUIMIE YOU'RE NET, STOP BY

The 2600 World Wide Web Site: http://www.2600.com The 2600 FTP Site: login: anonymous or ftp 2600.com

AND VISIT!

Dear Mr.

any wonder that PHONE FRAUD is such a HOT topic with business? DID YOU KNOW? If a hacker successfully penetrates your telephone system's security, you could be billed for OVER \$10,000 PER HOUR for FRAUDULENT CALLS? Is it

compromised formulate a disaster plan that will provide an immediate response if your system is know how to make your business phone system as "hacker proof" as possible, and protect your business from being victimized by telephone backers! Even if you have safeguards in place, an "it can't happen to me" attitude just isn't realistic. You need to You need to know how VULNERABLE you may be to fraud, and what you can do to

talk about YOUR concerns and answer YOUR questions. where and how hackers and frauders operate, common scams they use, and how to keep your business clients, and new capabilities we are developing. In an interactive forum, we AT&T offers educational seminars to give you tips on how to avoid fraud. We explain

from AT&T Corporate Security to discuss telephone fraud with you and answer your questions. Please call (516) 420-3039 by April 7, 1995 to confirm your reservation. sure you will find it was time well spent. Thanks for your prompt reply. We look forward to seeing you at the meeting, and are on Thursday, April 13, 1995 from 8:30 to 11:00 A.M. We have invited Robert Palmer We would like to invite you to a seminar at 520 Broad Hollow Road, Melville, New York

Sincerely yours,

Account Executive Damaris Fernandez

This is the quintessential "lean on customer" letter from AT&! that is intended to put the form of God into them so that they'll confly. After all, it would be a shame if something were to happen to this nice business of theirs, wouldn't the Top on amounthy fee, AT&T will offer protection. Of course, AT&T will benefit either way since they'll still thill the customer for fraudulent calls. And, since the customer probably got their phone system from another company, AT&T won't be interested in any excuses....

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

Page 16

2600 Magazine

2600 Magazine

Page 17

8

ロタイ 0 TATE MACKET

by Mr. Galaxy
I run a BBS in Atlanta, GA. This is a true story of how my BBS was hacked, and how I came to appreciate it.

nour time and ended up choosing to run a Wildcat BBS. The software installed quickly, and as the BBS. The software installed quickly, and as the manual said, I was up and running within the available popular bulletin board systems of that Atlanta, GA. I tried several "test" versions of the Several years ago I started a bulletin board in

joined, and all was right with the world. ed to a very low access level. People joined and the time, I was very security conscious. Each added one CD ROM, then another, then another, and even another. Wow! This was neat stuff. they didn't subscribe, they would get downgradstarted "meeting" new and exciting people. At People began calling from around the world. I Over the months, the BBS grew and grew. First, person had 30 days to try the BBS, and then if I added one hard drive and then two. Later, I Wow! I was excited! What a neat hobby!

lock another out doers. Bam! I'd locked one out. Smack! I'd then compare my activity log against my 40 memory caller ID box. Those entering false information stop these guys. Each night I would carefully boxes had just come out, and I was determined to with false information. I started getting pissed off. I then decided to buy a caller ID box. These tionnaire. Others would fill the questionnaire were locked out. A log book was kept of the evilwould log on without filling out the short ques-Then I started having weirdos call. Some

I'm a super SYSOP! increased. I countered with the phone company's phone block feature. Ha! Don't mess with me... pissed off. Fake logins increased. Threats Don't mess with me! I was getting some folks having. I was a super SYSOP I had the power! The BBS continued to grow ... I now had a Wow, this was fun! What a great time I was

a correctly set up Wildcat BBS user manual told me that no one had ever hacked begin, yet I wasn't afraid because my software mies... and winning! My doomsday was about to massive system. I was keeping out the evil ene-

I was so proud of myself. I had written my

a massive batch file to scan upload files with two virus scanners and an ANSI bomb detector. Hal Let them try something! They can't beat me! own BBS upload virus-scanning program. I used

grew in its intensity. with me! I grew more confident.... I was invincible! Let them attack! I had the super computer, than insects to me! The laughter in my mind the super intellect.... They were nothing more failed! Ha! I was a super SYSOP. Don't mess system.... Again and again they tried. Again and again they Well, they tried and tried to beat my super Every time they tried, they failed

Doomsday Strikes

ROMs. I wouldn't say this freezing problem hap-pened every night; in fact, it really only hap-Boy, I was tred. What a long day... As I was about to fall into bed, I decided to check my email on the BBS. I turned on my monitor and saw a message which stated I had an was one of my usual "freeze-ups" and saw this error message, I just assumed this surprised when it happened. When I came home pened once or twice a month, but I was never had attempted to download from one of my CD that freezing was common. I often had to reboot saw a message which stated I had an "Environment error..." At the time I was using DR DOS 6. I grabbed my DR DOS manual and tried to find out what this meant. After not being my computer to restart my system after someone many TSR's loading in for my four CD ROMs all, I was used to the machine freezing I had so this error, I decided to reboot my computer. After able to find any meaningful information about One night I arrived home later than normal

swear in several languages ning program and scanned my computer. Bells started to sound. Oh crap! I had the Screaming out! On a whim, I grabbed my anti-virus scan-Fist II virus! How had it gotten there? I began to myself what was happening. I couldn't figure it sequence like they used to do. Damn! I asked indicator lights on the CD ROMs didn't blink in MSCDEX.EXE program in the AUTOEX-EC.BAT file, the file appeared to load, but the whirred and clicked as it started up. As it booted noticed that when the computer executed the I rebooted the computer. The machine

> hacker of destruction. I had won! I was a god! Don't mess with me, I'm a super SYSOP! Then, midnight struck. My machine bleeped and reset itself. Huh!? What hard drives I had or what type of floppies I had My computer now no longer knew what types of had happened?! My CMOS was erased gone! The list went on and on. Oh man, I was furious! vowed to search the Earth forever for this evil

of my job, I was experienced with computers, and I was able to recover within a couple of the uploading function satisfaction I went to sleep... after I had disabled was now 4 am... I was exhausted. With a smirk of infected files, rescanned my system with other virus scanners, and got my system working. It hours. I finally restored my CMOS, cleaned the I labored on into the night. Due to the nature

ty. Damn! had called again and again attempting to get on the board. The caller ID had lost the call! So The next day I scoured the activity log. Ah ha! The guy had called at 2 am the previous the most important clue as to my caller's identimany people had called that I had lost perhaps Unfortunately, when the BBS went down, people morning, and I simply had not noticed the prob-lem until late at night later that day.

ily find them, and I couldn't find my operating

er file, COMMAND.COM. I began to understand what this guy had done. I was impressed. mine from the activity logs, the caller had performed a multi-file batch upload. He had This guy knew how Wildcat BBS's work! uploaded a file called PKUNZIP.BAT and anothhacker had done to zap me. As I can best deter-At this point I decided to determine what the

my screen, doing nothing! I reset the machine A cursor sat there in the top right hand corner of time the machine refused to completely boot up. My computer rebooted itself. Damn! This create my super SCANFILE.BAT batch program. My attacker had batch uploaded a file FILE BAT is the batch file that the SYSOP creates to scan files that are uploaded. I had used the the PKUNZIP.BAT file was run rather than my C:\WILDCAT\WCWORK\NODE1 directory, FILE.BAT file tried to unzip the files in my cat manual, the SYSOP is given some sample C:\WILDCAT\WCWORK\NODE1. In the Wild file, which in turn turned the Screaming Fist II ZIP.BAT file ran the infected COMMAND.COM legitimate PKUNZIP.EXE file! The PKUN COMMAND.COM file. When my SCANcalled PKUNZIP.BAT and an additional infected sample lines from the manual as a template to lines of a file called SCANFILE.BAT. SCAN-

I hope he will call me. I'd love to meet him person is out there and can figure out who I am, versation with this special person. If this special this hacker. I hope that one day I can have a conthis guy had done. In fact, as the weeks passed, I BBS again. I was now very respectful of what happened, I rewrote my SCANFILE.BAT file system files. The super SYSOP wasn't so super after all. came to appreciate the intellect and cunning of turned my upload feature back on, and began the After several days of analysis of what had

become a hacker? I suppose it depends on your definition.... to respect my fellows in cyberspace to a much greater degree. I now feel that I am a part of this wonderful infinite world. Have I, the hacked Since the time of my "hacking" I have come

ran my virus cleaning program, and then rebooted my machine from the hard drive. My machine rect compression files to run in my new CON-FIG.SYS file. After 40 minutes of failed my machine were compressed using SUPER-STOR. In order to boot up my machine from a was running! Yea! attempts, I was finally able to boot my system. I DOS boot-up disk, but I also had to find the corclean floppy, I not only had to find a clean DR again! Nothing! I was worried. The hard drives in backup, I didn't have my files where I could easmy files from being infected. In all, only about 25 files ever became infected. Unfortunately, the files that did become infected governed the driconflict with DR DOS that actually kept many of MAND.COM program. I believe at this point DR DOS essentially "puked" giving the now infawas restoring these files. I didn't have a ready ves' compression routines. The great "problem" mous environmental error.... It was this error or virus loaded itself into memory, but DR DOS didn't appear to like the non DR DOS COMwas using DR DOS, not MS-DOS. When the infected COMMAND.COM file was run, the virus loose upon my system before the SCAN-FILE.BAT batch file ever got to a point where it didn't know and couldn't have known was that I could scan the uploaded files! What the attacker

When a file is uploaded to a Wildcat BBS, the file is often uploaded into a directory called

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

U < H V \vdash П V S

by Ray Nonte

ly, separate from the phone company services. type of call forwarding system is done external-A call diverter is a piece of hardware attached to a phone line that will forward an incoming call to another phone number. This

situation? When you call a diverter, you will either hear a "click" and then ringing, or a ring and then a "click" followed by ringing. The ed. Your call is forwarded onto the line being The trick is to seize that line and dial out from it. paid for by the business that owns the diverter. "click" is the sound of the diverter being activat-Capturing the line used by a local diverter So how can a phreaker take advantage of this

diverters are usually safer than long distance trace will show the number of the diverter, not the phone you are calling from. In this respect, you wish as long as the person/company with the diverter hasn't blocked access to any exchanges. will provide a clean connection since you are dialing off of its dial tone as if it were your own. This means that you can dial any phone number If you happen to call a number that traces, the

phreaking incognito Free long distance calls Trace-free calls (can only be traced back to the diverter, not you!)

advantages to this kind of setup make it ideal for extenders, but there are no guarantees. The

How To Use A Diverter

Free 900 calls

diverter and not you to trace your call, the trace will point to the line and can freely dial out on it. All calls will be billed to the diverter. Also, if an attempt is made dial tone. (Some telco central offices are programmed not to drop to a dial tone after an outwait for them to hang up the phone. Do not hang up your phone. Stay on the line and wait for the going call to prevent just this sort of thing.) The dial tone you hear will be of the diverter. You When the party at the other end answers, polite-Call the number of a known diverter. Your call will be diverted to the forwarding number. have now successfully seized the diverter's phone ly state that you dialed the wrong number and

Diverters are not perfect - they have their

Page 20

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

of connection time has passed, 10 to 15 minutes is typical. This is a watchdog feature used to guard against phreaking attacks. Other diverters connect the forwarding line after a certain amount will click when used, every minute or so. share of problems too. Some diverters will dis-

Where To Find Diverters

phone, get them to hang up (e.g., wrong number tactic). Wait for the dial tone and then you're in business! lowed by ringing. When the party answers the and then ringing, or a ring, then a "click" folmentioned earlier, you will either hear a "click" Dial the phone number and listen carefully. As accessibility. Use your local yellow pages to son/business that requires lines of many doctors, plumbers, etc. - any perlocate a business that advertises 24-hour service. Diverters are usually found on the phone

the number and keep it in a safe place. have successfully located a diverter. Write down diverter. If it reads back a different number, you phone you are calling on, then you are not on a ANAC number. If it reads back the number of the seized the diverter's line by dialing an ANI or I recommend that you verify that you have

to dial. After the recording disconnected, the caller would get a dial tone belonging to their put on a recording telling the caller what number credit operator. The local credit operator would answered, the caller would ask for the AT&T One of the most famous diverters of the past involved the phone company itself. In fact, this local credit office! AT&T credit operator. When the operator would dial the credit operator and ask for the method may still work in some parts. The caller

Conclusion

calls per month vs. a whole bunch of them! add to your phreaking arsenal. Be careful though. After you've located a diverter, don't abuse it or the business is sure to pull the plug is less likely to notice one or two long distance cycle through them as I need them. The business best to build a list of known diverters and then leaving you to start all over again. I've found it Call diverters are a wonderful tool for you to

(continued from page 5)

penalties are much more severe. Yet we're reliving history, only this time the realize now how absurd such thinking was.

Item (c) is a cable. Let's just leave it at

has yet to surface. that Bernie S. was doing any more than this apart and experiment with it. Any evidence phone works, we encourage them to take it our readers are interested in how a cellular or used for fraudulent purposes. If any of none of which were illegitimately obtained Item (d) consists of cellular telephones,

Finally, the Cellular Hacker's Bible is a book anyone interested in electronics and the phone system would want to read. The matter of time. Service doing their dirty work, it's only a law books. With agencies like the Secret radio frequencies but they have yet to outfederal government has managed to outlaw

cious and fearful regime, however... books, inept, backwoods police department speleast not in a democratic society. In a suspi-Nothing listed above constitutes a crime, at technology, not a whole hell of a lot. al agency bent on keeping a vice grip on cializing in intimidation tactics and a feder-So what do we have here? Apart from an

> steadily down that dark road agement or through silence, we move to go unanswered, either through encourconsidered threats. And by permitting this ideas, technical ability - these could all be

at these words who would be safe. needed to put a person in prison indefinitely. There would be very few people looking tation, and software are the only ingredients imagine a world where reading, experimenalternative is practically unthinkable stand against what has happened here. The Every organization which claims to have an Hopefully, the majority will take a strong interest in justice should know about this system and it's essential that we fight back consequences is a disgrace to our judicial This whole series of events and their

tact with the outside world. visitors are allowed and this is his only conage you to write whenever you can since no be read by prison authorities. We encourtime.) Remember that all of your mail will he gets moved to another prison after press to him. (This method is preferable in case bernies@2600.com and we will forward it NJ 08320. You can also send email FCI Fairton, A-Left, P.O. Box 280, Fairton, mail directly at: Ed Cummings 48919-066, Bernie S. in prison. One is by sending him There are two ways you can write to to

ZEW **ADDRESSES**

info@2600.com - to get info on 2600. To make your life easier, we now have dedicated Internet addresses for various things:

subs@2600.com - for subscription problems. meetings@2600.com - for info on starting your own meeting letters@2600.com - to send us a letter. index@2600.com - to get a copy of our index.

articles@2600.com - to send us an article.

2600@2600.com - to send us a general message.
(You can reach most of our writers on 2600.com. You may have to figure out their usernames, however, since we don't publicize individual users unless requested by them.)

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

ACKING AS/400

by Mantis King

The AS/400 is widely used in Argentina (South America). I do not know if they are used very much in the USA, but I hope this information will be useful to many 2600 readers all over

OS/400 Release 1

Support. There is other third party software sup-This information is applicable to all the releases of the OS/400 operating systems. If there are changes, they are explained in each release's detailed description below. porting the interface. The PC Support software AS/400 has a PC interface called PC

*REJECT (pass-through sessions are not allowed to start on the remote system). Other from other systems far away. If your remote jobs are not accepted, it may be that the machine has the job action parameter QRMTSIGN set to print serving, file serving, messaging, and other allows file transfer, emulating a work station, I understand you will try to hack the system els:

*FRCSIGNON: all pass-through sessions must go through the normal sign-on procedure. If your profile names are different, the pass-through will fail.

values of QRMTSIGN may be:

*SAMEPRF: sign-on bypassing is only allowed for users whose user profile *VERIFY: sign-on bypassing is allowed for all pass-through requests and no checking of passwords is done if QSECURIified, the sign-on display is shown. different but a valid password was specthe same. If the user profile names are name on the remote and target system is

attempt is rejected. password is not valid, the pass-through ry for higher levels and are verified TY value is 10. Passwords are mandatobefore automatic sign-on occurs. If the

Program name: the program specified will run at the start and end of every passcan be located in QGPL, *LIBL or through session. Pass-through programs *CURLIB.

If your remote jobs are not accepted and it is

Page 22

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

not due to the QMRMTSIGN, another possibil-ity might be that the *PCSACC parameter (which allows personal computer access) is set to *REJECT that prevents all such access. If your remote jobs are accepted, there is no

restriction on the minimum length of passwords

password expiry date, password lifetime, and password history features. All these bugs were corrected in release 2 (more details below) This Operating System does not handle

The system may have different security lev-

Level 30: offers security features. Level 20: the resources are not protected Passwords and resource security are but passwords are active. require a password to sign on!!!

DST sions with a single user profile (two hackers in the system from different terminals with the change it with CHGSYSVAL. Although QSE-CURITY can be dynamically changed it whatever terminal. You can have multiple sesrequires an IPL to become effective. This SYSVAL SYSVAL (QSECURITY) and you can same user profile, ha ha). *ALLOBJ user you can use your authority from user's terminal. For example: If you are a release has many bugs related to control the

have access to this software required to use DST, but remember that if you are in a system with security level 10 you will Program Temporary Fixes (PTFs) to the systems microcode. The *SERVICE special authority is variables. It also allows the installation of the ed its use, you could have access to this very operating system and the modification of microcode level to display or modify memory program during execution and obtain control at facility which allows users to interfere with the age to be modified. DST has a program debug Service Tool) is a utility that allows virtual storimportant software. The DST (Dedicated If the Security Administrator has not restrict-

So you could find passwords like "A" or "AA" for example.

Level 10: no security active, does not

You can see the security level using DSP active.

> CHGDSTPWD command, type If you want to know if you have access to the DSPOBJAUT OBJ (QSYS/CHGDSTPWD)

is 22222222. For basic use (does not allow passchanging DST password) the default password The default passwords for the DST utility is QSECOFR. For the full use of DST (including

word change) the default password is 111111111

That will list all the authorized users. OBJTYPE (*CMD)

IBM Standard profiles

QSRV: IBM service user QUSER: user PGMP: programmer QSYSOPR: system operator SECOFR: security officer

SRVBAS: basic service user

are the same as the user profile, for example: neers. All these profiles are supplied by IBM to all its AS/400 machines, so you will find these has not changed them). The default passwords profiles in every machine (if the security officer Both the last two are used by the IBM engi-

administrators do not change the default pass-You should keep in mind that many system Password: QSECOFR

Profile name: QSECOFR

words. You should try these passwords!
The AS/400 has inherited security features from the S/36. The inherited features are:

Current library Default/mandatory program menu Authorization list security

Levels of security (none, password,

Aires, Argentina.) S/36 available on underground BBSes in Buenos (I have written a detailed text about hacking resource)

READ access at the group profile level, then you will just get READ access at the user profile and UPDATE feature different from the S/38, if you have tures from the S/38. But AS/400 shows a new AS/400 has also inherited some security fea-

so the menu and initial program security are not active. It's great, isn't it? IBM sends the machine If you find the hacked machine has security level 10, it requires only a user name to sign on. All users can access objects after signing on. in this condition (security level 10) to the buyers age object authorities, there is no security active, name does not exist. You will not need to man-The system creates a user profile when a user

and some system administrators do not change the default values.

Getting Info About the System

it were a S/36. To check it you can run: QSPCENV Sometimes the AS/400 may be running as if

the system is operating under a System/36 enviunder an AS/400 environment. If you find S36 If you find *NONE the system is operating

doubtful password five times and no error registers will be created in the log file. the maximum number is six, you can try your system will generate an error register in the log file. You should always try to keep unnoticed your presence in the system. So, for example, if imum number of logon attempts allowed is. If sure password, you should check what the maxyou've got a more powerful one, but it is not a number of attempts than the ones established the attempts can be set. If you perform a greater you have a password and are into the system and In AS/400 a maximum number of logon

mand The IBM default is 15, *NOMAX means unlimited numbers of attempts. To know the maximum number of sign-on attempts, run the comnumber of sign-on attempts allowed to the users The QMAXSIGN represents the maximum

If you want to know all the authorized user DSPSYSVAL SYSVAL (QMAXSIGN)

also list, at the end, any user profiles not within and group profiles, use the command: DSPAUTUSR type (*GRPPRF) This will list all group profile names and the user profile names within each group. It will

a group. If you want to see a full listing of all user and

group profiles run the command:

DSPUSRPRF USRPFR (profile name) TYPE (*BASIC)

You can know which users have special

authorities, for example: *ALLOBJ: system security officer

*SAVSYS: operators

*SPLCTL: operators *SERVICE: IBM engineer *SECAM: administrator

ent values: The INITIAL PROGRAM may have differ-

*MAIN: you have access to the command

*NONE: no program is called when the

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

zine Page 25	2600 Magazine	Summer 1995	gazine Summer 1995	Page 24 2600 Magazine
security in Release 3 of OS/400. It has also introduced an audit log that contains information about security related events. I do not know more about this release yet.	the	gram. Pos *NONE: Program- valida	QPWDDEXPIV; controls the maximum number of days that a password is valid, that is to say the change frequency. Possible values are:	INTRO IL (name of list) If you want to know the authorities of a specific file or program you should use: DSPOBJAUT (name of file) (*FILE) for
with the DS1 as we have seen. This loophole was removed with the introduction of level 40	roval pro-	user-writi	detail:	authorization list use:
developed in Assembler, C, or even Pascal or		the pr	But the worst of Release 2 is that it has	(*AUTL) And if you want to know the users on each
security on the AS/400 is built in at the microcode level. So, it could be hypassed by programs	'I': password must not be the same as od	.1. passv	one terminal.	DSPOBJD OBJ (QYS/*ALL) OBJTYPE
collect. We have seen that the verification of the	ious	'0': can l	lerminal. I a user cannot sign on at more than	know all the authorization lists use:
release. This is all the information I was able to		password	0: a user can sign on at more than one	Some objects may be protected via autho-
I really do not have experience with this	must be different than the 32 previous	must be a	session. Possible values are:	mands.
OS/Ann Baleage 3	new passwords. OPWDRODDIF: specifies if the password	new p	OLMTDE VSSN: controls concurrent device	authority it is great!! You can use all those com-
list.	'I': one or more digits are required in	T: one	minal is inactive for an automobile activity.	If you do not find *FXCIIIDE in your
		words.	sible to restrict users with *ALLJOB to particu-	OHGUSRPRF: change user profile
CPF22B9 Not authorized to change	'0': digits are not required in new pass-	'0': digit	tiple sessions with a single user profile, it is pos-	CRTUSRPRF: create user profile
user profile	Possible values are:	Possible	For example, to prevent users from having mul-	Some of the most important commands are:
rization list must have	QPWDRQDDG1: controls if a new pass-	a si paon Gibanasis	duced measures to control the user's terminal	DSPOBJAUT (QSYS / command) (*CMD)
CPF22A6 User creating an autho-	issword.	the old password.	out (in minutes)	all the security related commands you can use:
_	a new password must be different from	a new pa	'5'-'300': specify the interval for time-	DSPSYSVAL (QUSKLBL)
CPF2297 Current library value	QPWDPOSDIF: controls if each position in	QPWDPOSI	*NONE: no time-out validation.	and
not be changed	Possible values may be from 1 to 10.	Possible	matically ended. Possible values are:	DSPSYSVAL (QSYSLIBL)
	QPWDMAXLEN: controls the maximum	QPWDMAX.	that the job at the workstation is auto-	lists use:
CPF2295 Initial menu value may	Possible values may be from 1 to 10.	Possible	that a workstation is inactive before a	If you want to know out to mad lib
may not be changed.	ber of characters in a password.	ber of ch	QINACTIV: controls the interval in minutes	SPOBJAUT OBJ (QSYS/library name) OBJ-
CPF2294 Initial program value	PWDMINLEN: controls the minimum num-	PWDMINLE	ation of virtual device descriptions.	a library use:
*ALLOBJ required when	than once	than once	QAUTOVRT: controls the automatic cre-	If you want to know the object authority for
CPF2269 Special authority	0': characters can be repeated.	0: char	values related to security. For example:	DSPLIB (library name)
CPF2234 Password not correct.		are:	It keeps the security structure levels (10, 20,	If you want to see the contents of any library
	ters in a new password. Possible values	ters in a	OS/400 Release 2	(*LIB) DETAIL (*FULL)
CPF2228 Not authorized to change	QPWDLMTREP: limits repeating charac-	QPWDLMT		DSPOBJD OBJ (QSYS/*ALL) OBJTYPE
CFF 2210 Not authorized to use	acters may be disallowed	actes	user profile	run the command:
	r string: un to 10 specific char	characte	Message ID CPC2205 is for changing a	If you want to list all libraries on the system,
CPF2207 Not authorized to use	*NONE: there are no restricted charac-	NONE	message 1D CrC2204 is for user profile	CHGPRF command
Identification Explanation		values are:	profile	"NONE: you can change the program val-
Messages		cannot b	Message ID CPC2191 is for deleting a user	from the command line of a menu.
DDMMYY or YYMMDD.	QPWDLMTCHR: limits the characters that	QPWDLMT	DSPLOG command:	menu value and you can run commands
ODATEMT and it was he MADDAY	allowed in passwords	allov	unauthorized activities were logged), use the	sign-on display. But you can change the
((0000 941229) (0000 941230). The date	in passwords.	d ui	ing to security profile changes (to see if your	library values cannot be changed on the
Example of the time and date:	'0': adjacent numeric digits are allowed	.0': adju	Administrator will do is to disable the logs. If	*PARTIAL: the initial program and current
(*PRINT).	Possible values are:	· Possible	hard disk space. The first thing a System	(Limited Capability) parameter you can look for
MSGID (message-identified) OUTPUT	to each other in a new password.	to each	much information and they are a little bit low on	ATTN key to break out. Then using LMTCPB
DSPLOG LOG (QHST) PERIOD ((start-	may be specified. OPWDIMTAIC: limits if digits can be next	may OPWDLM1	Sometimes the machines are processing too	in the INITIAL PROGRAM you can use the
mand:	een 1 and 366	7'-'36	for programs	If you log onto a system and you get transed
If you want to look at the logs, use the com-		ited	DSPOBJAUT (name of program) (*PGM)	Program name: specify the name of the pro-
Logs	*NOMAX: the system allows an unlim-	*NOM	files	user signs on.

From action code demple edulinations? The Mar. 26 28:06:19 1985
Return Phult: -creditare/Bactro cole simple activ
Received: by airtro cole lemple activ (6 61/26)
Date: Thu, 25 Mar. 98 23:0443 -0800
Phul: -matter/Bactro cole lemple activ (6 70 Mar.)
Phul: -matter/Bactro-cole lemple activ (Dintatopher K. Neitzert)
Acessey 81 -498058904 A. A.O.I. 43 79 actro cole lemple activ
Received To Christopher K. Neitzert)
Schule: Or Yo. christopher & Christopher K. Neitzert)
Schule: Or Yo. christopher & Christopher K.

Several friends of Ext. "Burnia 6: Commaning have prepared this press release due to the fixet hat a man is being held on \$100,000.000 Ball for pessessing the religit electrons components to ricks pay prione in the girtle free simplements calls. His promotion of these devices to not against any law in the land, however the Governments of Deleware County Pennsylavania and three States are settled as though their own laws on one maker to them.

Delaware County Pennsylvania, USA

28 Cumming, also known to maky in cyberpase as Bernis 83 was arrested on March 13th, 1986 for 2 statementers of possession, maxufacture and taile of a cyberlos to commit Telecommunications fraud charges. He is being held in Delaware County Frison in lieu of \$100,000 00 Bail. His story follows.

On the swaning of the 19th Sernie S received a page from his mail drop. Some people he knew from Fordak adopped in as his mail drop thinking if was his actioned. They were looking to purchase server is 6 bits Cryptak. These cryptaks when used to replace that straight cryptal in the RADIO SELECK HARD Telephone delar, and with some programming produce knees that trick, pay phones tho believing they have received onto. These are commonly referred to as Eved boxes and got that truck pay phone and extend the phave received onto. These are commonly referred to as Eved boxes and got that range from an actual red box pulled from a pay phone in the late seventies by some ourious person.

Next thing, he knew the police were saking him if they could furthe shrough his car. It as and no, Momenta later as he was taking to a benetive and noticed mother police officer gening through his car. He asked that officer to stop. They did not, in all the police confinences a few hundred 6 SMLm crystals (which he result for roughly \$4 a parce) and a large love of 100 claims. The police to later that have been all girls back to him, and he could know his electronic back if the contents of the bag were lagh. In the contents of the secret later was the secret later to the content of the secret later to the secret later to discuss the secret later to the later to discuss the following that is customer returned after modification explain. 2d Cummings met these people at a local 7-11 where he was to sell the widely used electronic timing crystals for roughly \$4 as piece. The purchaser only had two lewing follar biles and 2d Cummings no change, 2d Cummings went into the 7-11 to get some change for make the transaction. A police officer noticed a two parked in the packing due of the 7-11 with several African Americans inside. As 2d was leaving the 7-11 he noticed fifteen police care pulling into the parking int of the 7-11.

The next day Ed Sennis S: Commings was over a 4. Frend's house working on their computer when eight to sen plain oldheid senned sen huvest not be house and ordered this mad that frends to freese. They outlied him and took him to a hold ing cell(whist_jail?). There he was left without a blanket or jacket to sleep with in the coold cell.

The next norming at the arradyment he was finally cold of the charges he was brind held upon Tany were "two nade, measors Charges of navadacture, interfution and she of devotes of Tenocomminations Francia and Two United use of a computer charges. He bull was automatically set to \$100,000.00 because 2d Commings refused talk with the police without his storing present. That evening the Secret Service had been called in when someone figured out what the dialors and crystals would do when put together. The United States Secret Service found his home and entered it, while they were questioning him.

The Secret Service presented to the judge a 9 page inventory of what they had found in his home. In that inventory there 14 computers. 2 printers Roses of blood other for the systems he writed with Syrom humons which the Federal Agents had based stollable. Heighbone oblig reprogramming dispersed. Sproms are used in everything from Automobile computers to present computers from place also conflicted this toolbox of sever drivers, wire dispers and other computer oriented tools he used for his consulting job.

The dudge dropped the Two unlawful use of a computer charges due to the fact that the evidence was circumstantial and the country had no actual evidence that Ed had ever used the computers in question.

If anyone has any questions or comments direct them to this newsgroup and my email box. As of 3/27/1995 Ed Cummings is still in Delaware County Prison awaiting his trial. His trial has not yet been scheduled and Ed will most likely not raise the One Hundred Thousand Dollars needed to be released on ball.

Thanks. Christopher K Neitzert

christopher k neitzert neitzersäutraccisi kampie edst Plim act Video Gutdent
Interfeterorisch Alltimetalla height, implementation and Administration
office 213.4477.5001 Frac 213.407.412 Service 213.505.68577
O'Coming Soom ob Luit space: Chapie Pertious Project Veltori'
Coming Soom ob Luit space: Chapie Pertious Project Veltori'
Linux: Choice of a SUB generation livy' in Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, buy' in Marcy (Marcy Cost, branch edul'-neitzert
'When crypt-graphy is outlawed, b

This public letter on the net

Page 26

ŗ

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

IAVED TO DO

POLICE DEPARTMENT
DARSY & MANOA ROADS, HAVERTOWN, PA. 18083-3689
RAN (810) 845-3400
PAN (810) 845-1706

BANDA TANNE

DATE: DI MELL 95

CHRISTOPHER K NEITZERT CC: TEMPLE UNIVERSITY PESSIDENT

FROM: DET JOHN MURRIS

SUBJECT: COMMONWARTH VS. CUMMING

Photos 10 FOLION

The information contained in this femalial and intended property of the use of the individual and intended only for the use of the individual are in the manufacture of the messay is not the intended recipient, you are hareby notified that any diseasantion, distribution probabiled. If you reasked the object the control of the contro

ACL (1) 95 VENIT 14 67 MANGREDAU THEP POLICE

A HOME BULE MUNICIPALITY

PAGE

I am surprised to see that someone from Treeple University void send out a present reputation. It is obvious that the accuration against this department and I are made without any systemor, since it as any rise to be surprised by the state of the state Christopher Meitzert,

Det. John K. Morris #1765 Maverford Twp Police

got this threat from the cops

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

"Letters are the cornerstone of any civilized society."

Privacy Concern

Regarding someone's concerns over privacy of your subscriber list, section E211.4.2 of the Domestic Manual requires that publications sent by Second Class have a "known office of publication" open duming "normal business hours where the publication's first publication secrets are maintained or can be available for USPS add on page 2 of your Auturnn 1994 issue, the number of subscribers and newstand copies sold (which impressed the beck out of me - I ddn't know you were that big). However, a solwed to look at your subscription lists?

Have you considered mailing by bulk third class instead? The basic rate is 93.3 cents per piece (anywhere in the ULS) which is probably nor much more than you're paving now and there's no zone-based rate, no need to file a "Statement of Ownership, Management, and Circulation" or requirement to have a "known office of publication". Or how about offering the option (at a higher cost, obviously) of getting 2000 by first class mail in a plain unmarked envelope? (I still prefer to buy mime at the newstand, though.)

Speaking of the USPS and the NCOA database mentioned on page 6, the USPS database is now also being used to identify CoMRAs (Commercial Mail eard companies who are concerned about applicants who use a mail drop as their residence address").

Also, for anyone interested in all kinds of used and antique phones (original candlestick phones, Ericofons, even phonebooths) You should get the mail order catalog from Phoneco, P.O. Box 70, Galesville, WI 34630 Phone 608-582-4124, fax 608-582-493.

Protection of our mailing list always has been one of our highest priorities.

While second class mailing allows the post office to look over your shoulder a bit, we don't believe we're giving them anything they don't already have. They don't have access to our subscriber lists, What happens is this: every three years or on a have access to our subscriber lists, What happens is this: every three years or on a postal inspector comes by and pick ten names at trandom from our subscriber printerul (they never get to keap or capy) this same in large printoul, He have to show a subscription request. Bis doesn't concern as since the post office can get our subscribers names and addresses by simply looking at the enables we send out with the only are using this rule to focate on hackers - a number of the ten names are studyl large corporations. But it was damittably odd that last inte one of the ten names they picked at random was Kevita Minick. (He were unable to find his papernorek.) Even with his weitdness, we don't believe this is a threat since virule new thorn if we don't play along for a while. As for alternatives, first class mailing would nearly quadruple our mailing cases and third class would ensure that the very bottom of the priority list.

Hacker Techniques

I obtained Oasis for the Macintosh about three weeks ago. Since Oasis still displays itself as a space on the extension manager in System 7.5 when you name it with spaces and since anyone who pecks inside the extension folder can see Oasis as a space when listing by name, there was an apparent weakness in using it on other computers. Nothing blows more chunks than getting caught. Thus, being the paramoid person that I am, in order to make the 12K extension even more discreet. I essentially combined Oasis and the AppleShare extension. By combining the two, if the text flies are discovered where Oasis stores your information, your targetage in the Canada person will never know where the dated text files are coming from. Oasis becomes

ŗ

Page 28

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

part of the user's system software; therefore, even the most advanced user would not guess to look into each piece of system software for clues as to what is causing in the text files.

In order to combine the two, use Resignt and copy and paste each item into the service respective resources. You can even tell it here to put the dribble folder. Please let it be noted that the above procedure only works when the computer turns on the rich part of the noted that the above procedure only works when the computer turns on the SA popteShare and is connected to an AppleTalk network! I have not tried merging to Casis with other pieces of System software, but all am sure it will work if you have enough turne on the remote computer, I suggest making the dribble folder invisible of favorum bas any suggestions for better ways to hide the key capturing text of files, please write in.

Pumpkin Smasher Natchitoches, LA

while. This particular hack affects only "fapterms", which are HP-UX's version of ist while. This particular hack affects only "fapterms", which are HP-UX's version of ist appear in an xterm. Bascalally, HP built a lot of functionality into the hipperm which does not still the appear in an xterm. The best part of the functionality is user-definable "soft keys" which are programmable using escape sequences. For example, if a user typed ESC 4 / L it would execute soft key fil to be the 3-length combined to the part of the world execute. And of course more creative commands than "year" and the park would execute. And of course more creative commands than "year" at a allowed - like, for root, an escape sequence that adds a new root user to the etchpsased file.

Now this seems impossous but the great thing about it is that a user does not have to execute these strings, but simply have them displayed in an hybern window. Therefore, if those escape sequences are embedded in a normal text file, and the new to execute these strings, but simply have them displayed in an hybern window. Therefore, if those escape sequences are embedded in a normal text file, and the new to execute these strings, but simply have them displayed in an hybern window. Therefore, if those escape sequences still make it to the window. Therefore, if these escape sequences still make it to the window of course, you'd want to have the commande degin with a "" For a shell escape. Will are allowed and its output are displayed to the screen. We have not found a control or escape sequence that turns exho off, so you run the risk of aletting knowledgeable pass them. The new favored was the strink, it is very powerful, however, in that it exploits read privative than the default hyperms. And on HP-UX systems, only the really knowledgeable use xerms rather the thing the strink it is story to strink that the stable that do a that the stable that do a that the stable that the sta

There are lots of other escape sequences, all documented that do other cool things like disabling the user's keyboard, w. Use wisely.

Mickey and Mallory

This is to Black Knight who wrote in about his problem with the password protection on the disks of the Apple IIe's at his school (Summer 94). There are sever-

al ways to get around this diferman.

You and the friend you want to share files with could name your passwords the it same exact word. If this doesn't work, you could try my procedure below. To begin with, a BASIC program on an Apple IIe is stored in the memory on location \$800, DOS is stored in \$8000. When you reset the computer, these locations \$00, DOS is stored in \$8000. When you reset the computer, these locations are the first to be enased. But memory locations \$C00 doesn't get touched durie, the growth of the computer, boat your fired sids, move the program back to \$800, and save it on your friend's disk, To do this, boat your disk, load the program you want to copy, and get to the BASIC see prompt (1). Type:

 Call - 151
 COO<800 BFFM
 COO<800 BFFM
 Put your friend's disk in the drive. Now hit Control-white apple-reset simultaneously to reset the computer. When your friend's disk boots, log in and get to the BASIC prompt. Type:

 J Call - 151
 Loal - 151

 Your program is saved on your friend's disk as "WHATEVER" ' (Control-C)
SAVE WHATEVER 800<C00.F00M

Dear 2600:

After reading the "More Window Tricks" in the most recent issue, I was reminded of something else that many stores will do to keep prying hands out a their machines. Many stores feel that having a password on the default screen saver to is bad for business, so they use other protection technics, so that customers can play with the machines, but not damage them.

C Here is the most common form. These INI settings are always in the Programat in file and normally under the heading of [restrictions] when the product of the program is the machines of the most common form. These INI settings are always in the Programation of the machines of the most common form. These INI settings are always in the Programation of the most common form. These INI settings are always in the Programation of the most common form. These INI settings are always in the Programation of the most common form.

Wicker Man DeKalb, IL

All of these are rather obvious, so I won't go into an explanation of what they do Fortunately, the stores seem to think that putting these switches in is all they need to do Also, they defect the file Manager foon, as well as the Dos Prompt foon. Simple enough to bypass. Open the Notepad and edit the Programani file. Put a semicolon at the beginning of each line, and then just give the machine the three finger salute twice. Thus rebooting the machine. Once the machine ends up back in Madows, you'll have full control of the machine.

As for the password on the Windows default screen saver - if you want, just look in their Control in file. Search for Password, and you'll find whatever their necessor'd is Poel few no reheaven in Apracarle

password is. Feel free to change it afterwards

War Dialing

Dear

Dr. Delman's article entitled "The Risks of War Daling" in the Winer 1994.

95 issue requires at least a brief response to a vyour readers straigh. Without attempting to address the specifies of any particular stack's law, the implication that there is no law which sould directly apply to war dialing must be corrected (and should directly apply to rescurity people to know what the law is). Below is an excerpt from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Section 64.1200.

(a) No person may:

(1) Initiate any telephone call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or presecuted voice,

(1) Io any emergency telephone line, including any 911 line and any or an artificial properties of the content of the conten

emergency line of a hospital, medical physician or service office health care facility, poison control center, or fire protection law

enforcement agency;
(ii) To the telephone line of any guest room or patient room of a hospi

Dear 2600

After reading the Winter edition of 2600 Magazine, some comments about a few of the articles. The risks of war dialing was of particular interest to me, as I have had a slight run-in with SouthWestern Bells security! I really didn't think about setting by my war dialer to dial randomly, but in number order, and that was my downfall. After spending a day or two dialing, all of a sudden my lines both went dead without any warning. I went to the local payphone and called leico repair and they said "Your account if lagged sir. Ohe moment and I'll connect you to the person who flagged your account." I was then transferred to SouthWestern Bell's security office and had to talk to one of their security personnel. Security said that they krew I was "war dialing" and that this was "llegal", so they ordered my lines disconnected until I abled with them Basically they gave me a warming and said don't do it again. My lines would be reconnected later in the day. I'm not sure if what they did was even legal, or if they would have even caught me if I hadn't stupidly been dialing in numerical order. Also, I have worked in the table TV field for five years before switching to a totally unrelated field, and thave a few comments regarding James Allen's letter to your fine magazine. White cable theft is indeed a problem, there are a few facts that he neglected to mention. The one-way addressable boxes some cable companies uses are just that, one-way. The cable TV compa-

al health care facility, elderly home, or similar establishment; or any paging service, cellular telephone service, por any service, por which the service, or any service for which the service, or any service for which the called party is charged for the call. It should be fairly obvious that war dishing most exchanges will hit one or more of these numbers, moreover, you will meret know when you have done so In order to see this regulation for yourself, ask the librarian at your local law library to point you to 47 C.F.R., section 64.1200.

Clint Sare

Texas Bar #0078354

The article in question quoted a law that could be used against war dialting but questioned its effective.

The same applies to the law which you quote - the primary design of it being to protect emergency services and hospital patients from computerized sales pitches, as well as to protect page customers from being paged on masse with some sort of commercial service or fooled into calling a premium service. Since each of these offenses would require the offender to leave some sort of a signature (like a phone number to call back), catching them wouldn't peut one defined to leave some is different since the purpose of the call is simply to see what answers. It's also almost impossible to catch a war dialer unless the duiter targets one site repeatedly or the phone company is watching the dialete. Remember, the most a war dialer can do to a castomer with a single line is ring their phone once or twice, then hang up. Not were ymany people would consider one such instance enough to launch a federal case. pry has no way of telling what channel you are watching (this requires a two-way; cable system), and trap systems are still very pelmidit, if not growing every day! Some systems operate both trap and addressable pey channels on the same cable. Usually the trapped channel is only one or two channels, usually HBO and/or Showime. The problem you have with an addressable converter is that your new \$2,200 stoles that the trapped channel is only one or two channels, usually HBO and/or Showime. The problem you have with an addressable converter is that your face \$2,500 the cable company now can say, "Well if you just want pay-per-view, you are out of luck, but at least those that the company now can say," Well if you just want pay-per-view, you are out of luck, but at least those subscribers are somewhat happy that they can receive at least one pay channel without losing their cable own way addressable systems, there is a way to defeat the stable company intrustion of your privacy by simply building a filter to block all signals below \$4 mhz and the cable company company to book out below \$4 mhz and the cable company cannot receive any return info from your box. In fact, in some cable systems, you can install just such a filter, order pay-per-view (on an impulse pay-per-view system, a box that sends your box is info to the cable or company to say the stand your box will descramble the enhance! In this describ work on all systems, but on the cable company sever receives the order, but your box up to the cable company every receives the order, but your one or VCR output is positive trap' systems (where a trap is required to receive that the analyst of the cable company covery or the cable company covery or the cable company covery or the cable company to the cable company

Lineman

Numbers

Within the Pacific Telephone system, in southern California, and other areas, is a unique and often useful feature. Within the 213 and 818 area codes there exist number pairs for each exchange which are tied at the CO and are for the use of linesmen who need to be able to Sypakto each other from remote locations (usually on poles, or at "B" boxes). It works like this. XXX-1118 and poles, or at "B" boxes). It works like this. XXX-1118 and poles, or at "B" boxes). There is no fing signal from the CO. Another person dialing the same prefix followed by 119 will be instantly tied to the 1118 line, and the tone stops. You can arrange with a friend to make communication at, for example 11:30 pm on the 466 exchange. At 11:30 you dial 466-1118 and get tone. He for she dials 466-1119 and you are instantly commected without either party. Knowing the source number of the telephones you are calling from. We used it for party a rendezvous purposes by instructing friends to call on the Dunkirk 4, or Hollywood 6 line, and wherever we were, we could reach friends without the need of CB.R 's or pagers.

fairly trace-proof means of communication. I have found it to work in Minnepplis, MN and Seatle, WA. There may be slightly different number pairs for different carriers. Experiment and have fairly MCI or Sprint access codes, and then with the use of MCI or Sprint numbers in major cities, route a local call via New York to Atlanta to Dallas to Chiego to McI and Sprint numbers in major cities, route a local call via New York to Atlanta to Dallas to Chiego to the more straightful to the carriers. Experiment and have been continued as another office of that carrier. I still remember my earliest introduction to phreaking, back when coin phones had bell cones representing the denominations of money inserted I saw a gay with three little bells on a block of wood - when the operator instructed him to insert 40 cents be would in the appropriate bells with a metal bolt producing the bing, bang, bong, and the operator would thank him. This was in the

Poer 2600:

I've got a few numbers here that I thought, with your large and vast array of technology, you might be able to let me know what they are for (313) 480-5999.

recorded message twice "You have reached the Ypsilanti (which is the city I live in) DSO" then I believe it hangs up Also (810) 471-5998 gets you an Ameritech operator who asks "What number did you did?" Actually all the 999x numbers do weird things around here. 9996 is always the high tone of a loop 5994 is a high tone, then drops off in just about every prefix. I probably shouldn't bother you with trivial suff like this but like you I am curious.

Mike

Actually that 9999 number is our first encounter with an Ameritech switch recording. NYNEX keeps theirs at 9901. Keep exploring.

Deur 2600:

State of the company (SouthWestern in guamber run by my phone company (SouthWestern in guamber run by my phone company (SouthWestern in guamber run by my phone company (SouthWestern Bell). It all started one day when i was messing with the 971 feature that allows you to make the phone ring. You dial 971, then you hear a dial tone. Next you dial 214 and you get another dial tone. Then hang but phone up for one second, pick it back up and hang up for the last time, and your phone will begin to ring. Anyway! proceeded to dial 971, then intested of 214, dialed 94 proceeded to dial 971, then intested of 214, dialed 94 proceeded to dial 971, then intested of 216 dialed 94 pand to my surprise a recorded message read 9.5-5.9-5.9-5.1 It wasn't until months later that I realized this was a phone number (I was only 13) I immediately called a and let the phone ring for some odd 90 minutes when answered and I gave up. A few months later when I was a home on vacation and was extremely bored, I called and let the phone ring for some odd 90 minutes when suddenly I realized it wasn't ringing anymore and I head voices on the phone it seems the phone breaks in occasionally on andom numbers and about 75 percent of the time to other people who call 971, It's kinda fun to tell people you are the phone company who has

TAG Sheridan, OR

Bear 2600:

Well, believe it or not, that Ortawa phone trick tementioned in Winter 1994-95) that's used to put the phone in service mode works on our US West Phone in service mode works on our US West Phone in service mode works on our US West Phones can be found in the following places in Minneapoliss's Paul: Mall of America, Minneapoliss's Paul: Mall of America, Minneapoliss's Paul: Mall of America, Minneapoliss's Paul: Mall of America's phones are for Ridigediade Shopping Center (Minnetonka), Interchange Office Tower (St. Louis Park), and maybe a few other to locations yet to be discovered While we're on the sublification of the Phones have been outfitted with pushbuttons that allow you to call us US West payphone repair, Mall Information, and Mall Security all for free.

Airwolf Twin Cities

Questions Dear 2600:

I've received two issues of 2600 so far and have enjoyed both of them. I don't promote spreading knowledge about cracking into systems (unless for the benefit of system administrators) or foiling various services (Ma Bell, credit cards, etc.), but hey. I'm an electrical engineer and everything you print is dammed

interesting.

I have a request and a suggestion. You Summer 1994 issue contained a scripf file which would let Unix users learn who's fingering them. Unfortunately, my e school's system doesn't use the MIT finger. Actually, e school's system doesn't use the MIT finger. Actually, live heard that there are several versions of finger floating from the would work for any version of finger? I've heard it's possible, but everyone here is too busy to get into the programming there is too busy to get into the programming. Do you think that your programs, text files, and just a bout anything technical might be easier to read if they were printed in a monospaced font? I had problems typid ing in the fingerer code because! I outfur't tell where spaces were (a really big deal) and whether the single quotes were single quotes or apostrophes. I have a feeling that no one would mind easier-to-read code.

Thanks a lot Your publication reminds me a lot of IFL, the Youth international Party Line stuff from the phreak days of the 70's I'm glad that, unlike IFFL, 2000

broken in on the line and what they are doing is against the law. (Of course I eventually tell them the whole story for they must be cool if they are doing something creative and explorative on the phone, and most of the time they are just making the phone ring to show off to their friends.)

Data
Dear 2600:
Here's something of interest: (303) 294-9259.
Apparently it verifies if your Caller ID is sent or blocked The uses are obvious.

Major Zeek

And since no matter how we call the thing it tells us that our number was sent, we have to wonder if this is just a number that happens to have that recording on all the time. Major Zeek

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

is not publishing phone credit cards numbers or other illegal and annoying stuff.

Back in October 1991 we released Cardit, a credit card verification program for the Maciniosh (hey, the scene was barren.). based on ligorithms published in 1600, the scene was barren.) based on ligorithms published in 1600, the scene was barren. Justed on ligorithms published in 2600. It was pretty much a quick and dirty "get me into it now," program (hacked out for the most part by 'Mackee Flatine) with a have bones interface and slightly adjusted algorithm, with appropriate sound bites snagged from a Consolidated album. At the time, we simply wanted the ability to get around setups which relied upon this verification technique to exist on the Mac, and to have it be distributed to everyone.

Well, it seems to have made its way around pissed off the people at service providers, and recently generated and a wave of ResEdited hacks. We tecently downloaded a "MacCarder" file containing three copies of the Cardit which had each been changed slightly, pretending to the "About Stolen Program" box revealed that some of the ResEdit was add a wave of cold hard each! They were asking \$250 for our program! We died hard their They were asking \$250 for our program! We died laughing at this and decided to set the record straight as bit. We released Cardit! (10) with a creation date of Wed, Oct. 16, 1991, 11-45 AM. The program's examine/generate windows are not moveable and there is a radio button to snap between "Mod 10" (doesn't work) and "Normal". All of the ResEdit hacks we have even simply change the spaish syreer from our "UpLink/LoS! Presents..." to theirs, take out the cool sound bries from Consolidated, and swap out the other small things like version numbers and whatnot. None of them can get around the moveable window problem or them can get around the moveable window problem or them can get around the moveable window problem or them can get around the movable window problem or them can get around the movable window problem or them can get around the movable window problem or them can get around the movable window GF

We have shally instituted a uniform typesace for programs so that this shouldn't be a problem. We're also in the process of putting our program listings up on our specific process of putting our program listings up on our specific put to sharker samplify things. Regarding your finger problems, every version of Unix works just different enough to ensure that such displantites exist life sure somebody on the net has what you're looking for

Red 5! and Hellbender, UpLink/LoST

Answers
Dear 2600:

In response to Lady Penelope's plea (page 42, Autumn 1994) for cryptography info, this should be what you have been paying for Check out Bruce Schneier's Applied Cryptography - Protocols, Algorithms, 6 Source Code in C. ISBM; is 0.471.

99756-2 and it sells here in the U.S. for \$44.95. Take the ISBM; to your library or book store and they should be able to get it for you. In it are detailed explanations on numerous protocols, including RSA, PGP (Pretty Good Privacy), Clipper, etc. Source code is available from the author. Bruce Schneier, Counterpane Systems, 730 Fair Oaks Avenue, Oak Park, IL 60302 USA. This book should be required reading for all cryptobeads. I would send you a copy, Lady Penelope, but the NSA (National Security Agency) regards this book as "munitions"

Name and Address withheld fice will help us smuggle your

Dear 2600:

arything at anyone hacking Cardit and asking for something in return - they are just trying to get by - but will be not let them succeed simply because we didn't put the correct information out to the world.

On a better note, we have also recently seen a program which proclaims that it "...is what Cardit was supproceed to be..." and in many ways its pulls from a small database of hanks and will provide the name of the bank and will provide the name of the bank are a card is from (we guess from the files published in a card is from (we guess from the files published in a card is from (we guess from the files published in a fer Cardit, so it should be a bit faster to boot. We raise our red boxes to the programmers on this. Otherwise, up. Link and LoST have released Holy Wardsher to version 2.0 (now replaced by Assault Daler by Crush Commander, Dault 1.10 and some other small beat originally distributed from a cluster of boards run by the Red 5. Hellberder, Crush Commander, and Yankee Fialline. We have some items planned for release in the denext year or so. Thank you for helping us to clear this up.

Hopefully the post office will help us smuggle letter out of the country.

A poor beleguered letter writer in your winter 2 ply4-95 issue (Volume Eleven, Number Four) asked thow to get around the foreign PT1 terminating a teleshow to get around the foreign PT1 terminating a teleshow to get around the foreign PT1 terminating a teleshow to get around the foreign PT1 terminating a teleshow to get a power of the answer to your different is to "spend money". Given the spread on your international callback system, you should have plenty of it.

Effixing et a presonal computer based callback system. Many international callback boxes are locked up you aren't healthe and they can't change with the next curve the PT1's will throw an you. PC systems can. Wave PC-based systems using computer telephony circuit cards from companies like Dialogic or Rhestores, and there are dozen of companies offering a full spectrum of

Bookstore Stories

Let me tell you my bookstore story. I used to work at fl B&V Bookstores in the Bay Area. We only received to B&V Bookstores in the Bay Area. We only received to about six copies of your magazine and they would still out quickly. this is one reason that I never go to read it. When I would ring it up, the customers would never the II me what your magazine was about, so tell them to lighten up! Some info for the people buying at B&V... we always have a list of magazines but it is not always updated. Sometimes it is alphabetically arranged and other times by topic. Magazines always come in on a random date - own the person in charge has no way of knowing, it is almost impossible to order other types of magazines or ask for additional copies of ones we stock. Occasionally we get a few magazines that we don't normally stock, but these are usually European mags. Best fining to do is find out who is assigned to magazines and ask them nicely to reserve a copy when it comes in Remember, they are under no obligation to do this. A B&N pays crappy for overworked help so kindness goes in the proper of the pays of the p

Chester-Buzz

a long way.

Now, on my second item. The BART system running in San Francisco and the East Bay has payphones by a company called AnTel. When I punch in "", "

and then wait, it would read off an amount of money in the 10 to 20 dollar range. So I had assumed that it was the amount of money made by the machine, until 1 had a few read off "11 cents" and "15 cents" so what's the deal? I can do this at any paybnore at BART but I don't know what it means. How could someone make an 11 cent call? ("85 gets you a supervisor, "\$43 gets you woice-mail -I'm going to keep searching the system!)

Confused and Learning

The Riese's Center

he Black Carpet

If you knew about some of the reactions our readers get when they tell people what 2600 is about, you'd understand their hesitation to bring more into the circle. We'd like to know more about these payphones - we sus-

products which are often inoperable. The PC systems can be variously configured with a buttload of features, to include speech recognition cards. With small vocabulary, speaker independent speech recognition, you can get around entering DTMF forces. It also allows for case tomers that only have pulse phones, which is a huge market. Skepicial? ATT has laid off 8,000 operators because the critical particular state of the sound of th

Caller ID Question

My question is about Caller ID I recently sent a fax to CNN's Talk Back Live. When I sent this fax I used the standard *57 to block the phone number. I sent the fax i from Chicago to Atlanta, made a normal fax connection to the CNN Tax Server (ID), and went back to playing.

The CNN Server (computer voice generator) called me back to thank me for participating. What's up? I used the blocker! This concerns me about our privacy, How can I block calls and feel secure that my number is whocker? Does CNN now have me on their sellable mailing list of teches because I use a fax? Or did they use an auto-call back? I have to wonder.

You don't mention whether or not you clearly mamber of mamber, by out did not block your number from showing up on CNN's AND display it's day possishe ke from showing up on CNN's AND display it's day possishe ke your far on heir fat stiplay You would have had to have to or niteria fat stiplay You would have had to have to come the fat stiplay You would have had to have to death and the stiplay would not have the father in the claim is ment in theoretically worn't be in place until Secrember [if it already works in your area. "85 stould becamber if the iterady works in your area. "85 stould hock your number unless your local company uses a toggle system where "65 simply switches your line from the default senting, NYIKEN had such a system but finally by changed it so that "85 always thocks and "82 always is unblocks. When anatomythe Caller ID arrives, these will be the standard codes.

Lack of Security

pect they're adding total calls. revenue, including credit

The other day, i was visiting the local Barnes & Sobole to sing a copy of 200% winter edition. As I was to checking out, the clerk looked at me funny, and said, "There's some good articles in this one, you'll enjoy it," of I was, needless to say, sumpteed, and started chatting with her. Apparently, she and her husband are avid readers of 2000, Phrack, and all those good ones. This hapire has been supported to the thousa fate! lought a tone dialer from Radio Shack (so I don't have to remember all those phone numbers) where the clerk told me what my local BBS handle was, my exact reason for purchasing the dialer, and how much he wished he knew how to build what I was going to build.

It's funny how small the world can seem, and it's great to know how many people out there are on our side, rooting for electronic freedom.

Pattlements:

Here's an interesting little tale which certainly taught me an important tesson and hopefully might also have some usefulness to your other readers; Recently, I was more or less bribed to, shall we say, disenfranchise myself from my lucrative yet maddeningly boring position at a certain well-known university. The whole affair was a classic study in the politics which dictate the organized "research" at these great

Summer 1995

Page 32

2600 Magazine

2600 Magazine

super-user access to the machine. At the time of my departure, there were a lot of my personal files on the computer and, considering that I was planning a little vacation to celebrate my newfound liberation, I didn't feel any great pash to download them. I figured that since I was the one with the noot password, it was pretry much up to me to decide when (and if) I was ready to fork it over. centers for free thought and individual inquiry.
I could go on for days about all the subtleties of that
last one, but I want to neither bore the reader nor infuriate myself in doing so. Most of my work at said job was
done on a Sun BNACSatton and being the only one in
the office who could ever turn the bloody thing on, I had

Although I was confident I'd covered all possible security holes, there was one time I overlooked. Sun aships their operating system on CD-ROM these days and it's possible to boot the machine directly from it rather than the hard disk. When doing this, it gives you the option to install a "mini-toot" file system on the swap partition. This is really meant to be used when installing the entire OS for the first time; however, this act apparently laso allows one to edit files on unmounted partitions, most notably /etc/passwd. As you no doubt realize, all you need to do from there is delete the encrypted root password and then set it to whatever you fine the masswd command. fancy using the passwd command.

I say "apparently" because I got this information

from a rather incomprehensible documentation memo which my replacement had rather considerately created. Thanks to his bumbling incompreence as a system administrator, I've since regalaned super-user access through more overt means (allowing me to get said memo, as well as my files) and am currently deep in the process of insuring that there are enough backdoors to allow me to regain root whenever it suits me. Although I not longer have physical access to the machine to use this method, it seems to make intuitive sense given whan I know about Suns. He did, after all, somehow manage to change the noot password in my abstrace. Do you see any reasons why this wouldn't work? At any tate, I find it rather interesting to think that all one needs to gain root on a STARCStation with a CD drive is a Solaris CD-ROM and perhaps a lockpick. If I reald correctly, one can also robot from a tage, so the same methodology would apply with a copy of Solaris on an Sim tage. Although I must admit tall me needs to gain to see firishard what a joke the security on a supposedly ourcreachable machine can be. Of course, I have to convected that I had a hefty advantage in this case and my task would be considerably harder on some alten machine, having no knowledge of the internal structure and security measures. However, I've heard rumots that there are sites on the internet of a myocoming issue?

What method is used to encryp passwoods under Unix yistems? The user of course, thoughts what method is used to encryp passwoods under Unix yistems? The user of course in the little of any vour thoughts of the properties of the properties of the properties of the little of the your thoughts on I First off, let me say that I'm very glad there's a pub-

Page

34

lication devoted to those of us who refuse to be restricted by someone elses' segue notion of legality in exploring the full potential of these wonderful tools we call computers. Although I can't believe that the Fedshard's shur you down yet as some threat to national dispectation, the following each sixue. I know that she are definitely.

While I have gotten many a wonderful idea from following each sixue. I know that there are others with a more facistist agenda who are proing through them. What is your opinion on knowing that assorted government outporate criticis will be absorbing whatever bits of wisdom you publish and then using this information against us to tighten up security in the future? What's your policy on accepting subscription orders from such groups? Yeah, I know; you can walk into any decent pookstore and pick up the latest issue, so they're probably going to find out anyway. It's just that I hate to see my opponent's mission made any easier.

Another Thought Criminal SF

We're putting together a library of information as well as pointers on our aninymous fip site at 2600 com. You may find what you re looking for there. Passwords on Unix systems are encrypted using a one-way trapped our algorithm that employs DES. As for who winds up reading our magazine, it would be pointless for us to warry about it. If we start restricting information to extensive the proper and/or groups, we inevitably wind up restricting our one growth. That's what a lot of our opponents would like to see.

NYNEX Outrage

Our basic service where we live consists of Call-Waining, Three-Way-Calling, and Flar Rate. Last month, we subscribed to Call-Forwarding with a free connection charge. Then, we called up the business office to cancel an extra listing we had put in the phone book and didn't want anymore. Fine, Last, we ordered a new "free" white pages directory. All's well until the bill converse the contract of the contract of

We get the bill, and what do you know, it's \$130!

Wow! There's no way So we take a look at it and find this. We were changed \$16 for a "free" installation charge for call-forwarding. We were charged \$23 for a yellow pages differency when it was supposed to be a yellow pages differency when it was supposed to be free. We were charged for no custom calling packages (i.e. Call-Forwarding, Call-Waiting, Three-Way-Calling) when we only had one (i) package is any two or more of them) and then charged for a non-published number. What had NVNEX done? They lied about the free installation. They charged meteory listing the operator at the business of fife thought we meant to get a non-published number and when showed up on our bill, which is fine, except along with that is a \$9 service charge to change the number as directory assistance! So batically, we were overcharged nearly \$50, and more to come.

Our lines

Advice

Dear 2600:

Some advice to Pestilence, who wrote in the Spring
1995 issue. Quit it. I was busted when I was Jourteen for
using extenders (among other things). It wasn't fin
and it definitely wasn't worth it. I can't magnie what
would have happened if I hadn't been a minor.

Lincoln

We certainly can't pull an ad because we think the
person placing it needs to learn more. As for letters, we
only print a small fraction of what we receive. And a
fraction of those will be from heginners who need some
basic answers and pointers, not a harsh rebuff. That

On ATM's

In the article about the ATM's it says no one ever watches the camera at my bank.

This is false, I used to have programming classes at a local bank. These classes were taught at the operations center. The guard one day explained what was on his monitors. Since this bank had branches all over Virgina, Maryland, and parts of Tennessee, he had screens of all the local branches (about 15 total). About five were dedicated to the ATM's, and five were for the banks' interior. This black and white screen was showing the ATM's and inside of the bank, switching between each branch. Address letters to 2600 Letters PO Box 99 Middle Island, NY 11953

by. Well, NYNEX decided they would send a repairman over to our house without even calling to tell us, put a recording on our phone line saying "the number you have reached is being checked for trouble" and then charging us for the visit which we didn't request in the first place (and the problem wasn't even in our house)! Think that's it? Nope. Last month we were charged with calls to a certain number which we had never made, \$40

What the hell is going on?

Fortunate Sun

I personally feel that 2600 should revisit its apparent "print it all" policy dealing with letters dats. For example, there is a seven line help wanted ad from someone who wants someone to write/call him and explain to him what an ANSI bomb is. Another wants you to send \$3 to get a copy of an ANSI bomb detection program. I think it important that as a magazine you help to educate those new to the community, but at the same time keep us from wading through letters every month asking what a red box is, or why a cratian person's red box doesn't work. I would at least suggest that right above the address to send letters, you put "RTFM".

Just my couple of cents.

comes tater.

quite a bit of detail. across the street. the ATM itself. Different banks obviously have different policies concerning cameras. It's possible the cameras you're referring to were focused on the ATM area itself, not the customer. The article was referring to the camera inside

camera at will and they could do They could show a car's plates

Scammed in NY You've entered the world of NYNEX. Better get used

Spin Control Dear 2600:

I recently came upon the following information and was wondering if you could shed any light as to its validity. I have fried it in the 810 and 313 area codes from various exchanges and it does terum results.

One may dial 107 321 404 988 966 4 to learn whether a Clipper chip is installed on your telephone exchange. When you dial this number, you will get back

ling in a digital voice consisting of

Your telephone area code

 Your seven digit telephone number
 Nine zeros in three groups of three (000 000 000)

4. a passe of a few seconds
5. a digit - if this digit is '0' then a Clipper chip
has not yet been installed at your exchange. If
the digit is '1' then there is a 'Federal
Government Level' 'Clipper chip installed If
the number is '2' then there is no 'Federal
Government Level' 'Clipper chip present. Any
other digit is graphise that it is installed.
Presence of digits other than zeros in the '900 000'
comment indexes eath-level and circle-level law

000" segment indicate state-level and city-level use.

Someone should forward this to the Clinton administration so they can see what effect their Clipper city take that was to the populace. There is no ruth to any of this whatsoever. What you are dialing is a nationwide AAAC number operated by AT&T. (404) 988-9666 but it is only reachable with carrier access code 10732. It's been around for years.

Handy Tip

I must thank you for teaching me a new hack that I really idin't have prior knowledge of (hard to believe). The last issue mentioned you can make a special tool by heating the piece in question and melting a forming tool. Obvious it may seem, but it has allowed me to do so my work much better. One suggestion: use a suitable mould release (I find 15-40 motor oil fine) and be very 1 precise with the temperature. Deputhylene for instance forms bees at around 300 degrees (that's 500 F for you have forms).

Billsf Amsterdam

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

r internet address

letters@2600.com

2600 Magazine

by Blue Whale Enter the Scout

able out what was then considered some of the of the hippest places around) and by testing legal maneuverings that occur for no reason in particular), we did manage to salbest commercial radio equipment availvage the trip by hanging out in Austin (one Several years ago we trekked out to Austin, Texas on an ill-fated journey to was postponed a week, in one of those While the trial never materialized for us (it witness the Steve Jackson Games trial.

blind retribution, and dreaming up a wish the LCD in the dark. Needless to say, we break out the night vision goggles to read down, the sun would set and you'd have to or what have you (our model was state-oflist of features that we thought the ended up breaking that Opto unit in a fit of when you thought you had this little system this highly prized hold switch). Then, just the-art; earlier models did not even have wasn't yet another pager system or birdie "hold" switch and hope that the frequency remained constant, you then had to flip the spot a number which more or less by. Then, if by chance you happened to "background noise" frequencies flashed had to watch the LCD while random to actually get a verifiable frequency you the weaker link in this radio dyad. First off, As it turned out, the Opto turned out to be on the Opto and then listen in on the Icom as I recall, was to catch local frequencies counter, model 2600, of course. The idea 4SRA and Opto Electronics' frequency prepared with nothing less than Icom's ICbetween population centers, and we were military ranges spanning the distance with its endless miles of open road and its

Texas is a great place to go scanning,

frequency (up to 255)

alert you to frequencies it captures. a beep mode and a silent vibrating mode to and computer interfacing. The unit also has frequencies and supports reactive tuning back-lit LCD that stores up to 400 filtered it's a palm-sized frequency counter with a eyes. It is truly a hacker's dream. Basically, product Opto has redeemed itself in our thing we wanted on that trip. With this one The Scout is the embodiment of every

normal counter). which case the Scout will function like a may, if you wish, turn the filter off, in the filter and register as a frequency (you the background noise in order to squeak by Signals must be 10 to 20 dB stronger than ground noise that so irked us out in Texas. utilizes a filter to exclude the random backfrequency. Unlike our old unit, the Scout unit on, say, in vibrating mode, putting the sionally vibrates to alert you to a captured experiencing the thrill as your Scout occasight, strolling around somewhere, and then unit in your pocket where it vanishes out of Typical operation involves turning the

you've captured, but how many hits on each display not only the filtered frequencies cycle through the frequencies at any time by backlight to automatically turn on. You may replace the beeps and you cannot set the In vibrating "stealth" mode, the vibrations you will certainly notice the blue backlight) the car, as you may not hear the beeps but can set the backlight to switch on for ten in memory; two if it isn't). Additionally, you course (one beep if the frequency is already going into memory recall mode. This will seconds (this is very useful when you're in in beeper mode, you will hear a beep of depends upon what mode you're in. If you're What happens when you get a frequency

> off (or, as is more often the case, someone an effort to place the unit in this state. As a time or another, lost frequencies because of one I know who owns a Scout has, at one Scout and forget about it. Basically, everyjust hit some button when you first get the any of its features, so that it's not like you you place it in recall mode you cannot use shut it off with the memory intact, and once lose your frequencies. The Scout must be not have the Scout in recall mode, you will you're showing the unit to does) and you do result, if you accidentally switch the Scout the Scout defaulting to recall mode, it takes annoying design flaw in the unit. Instead of captured in memory. This is by far the most order to keep the frequencies that you've times in an hour. When powering the unit battery that charges fairly quickly, someplaced in recall mode each time you want to down, you must place it in recall mode in The Scout utilizes an internal NiCad

A Note About Models and Versions

original inception. The latest one appears of software and hardware revisions since its between. small battery-sized circuit board AR8000 although you will need to use a will also support reactive tuning with the also reviewed in this article). Version 2.0 (a wide range cellular-capable receiver, ports reactive tuning with AOR's AR8000 on our bills as "Scout 3.1" which now sup-The Scout has gone through a number ≅.

nals.

R10A FM Communications Interceptor

\$359 is questionable. Some people swear \$449 you will spend on it, the Interceptor at Interceptor is not for most people, hackers | not come equipped with that beloved experience leads me to conclude that the Spring 1995 issue of 2600), but my own cle, Cellular Interception Techniques, in the by it (see, for example, Thomas Icom's arti-While the Scout is certainly worth the

narrow FM (NFM), or wide FM (WFM). included. It is definitely not for someone strongest signal it encounters, be it AM Interceptor will automatically "tune" to the the signal deviations. The result is that the the strongest near-field frequency, you hear quency counter, only instead of displaying receiver in the conventional sense. The best receiver. First off, the Interceptor is not a way to describe it is to compare it to a frewho is thinking of purchasing their first

cial FM stations. While the Interceptor does as there are obviously less competing sigthe Interceptor is somewhat more effective, nals will block out the weaker ones you will quency, it is not very effective as strong sigof the time are pager signals and commerinvariably wish to listen to. In rural areas, allows you to skip to the next strongest frecome equipped with a skip button that practically useless, as all you will get most saturated area, your Interceptor will be If you live in a city or some other highly areas of the spectrum you wish to monitor inability to selectively tune the various you will be annoyed and frustrated at your lular conversations you want. In practice with you in the car and listen to all the cel-In theory you can take your Interceptor

way? It's too bad that the Interceptor does but who wants to monitor something this conversation, if only for a brief moment, few dozen times may get you back to the tions signals. Although what have you. Pressing the skip button a listening to pagers or commercial FM or you will lose the signal and once again be local police dispatcher releases his mike Interceptor comes with a "delay scan" inability to maintain two-way communicaing quality of the Interceptor, that being its that it doesn't work. Thus, the second your meant to correct this problem, the fact is Finally, I must point out the most annoythe latest

2600 Magazine

Page 37

Summer 1995

Page 36

2600 Magazine

should have included

on Opto's frequency counters. "hold" switch that is thoughtfully included | such as the M-400, which is able to decode

Not worth it. At \$995, the APS104 is APS104 Active Pre-selector

within this band increase in range for frequencies that fall this pass band, resulting in a theoretical ing a knob up to ten times. The APS104 will block all frequencies above or below band between 10 MHz and 1 GHz by rotatyour antenna. You then tune a 4 MHz pass Scout or Interceptor or what have you) and 4" by 1.5") goes between your receiver (a APS104 (measuring approximately 7" by tures just don't match up. Basically, the buy from Opto. The problem is that the feacertainly one of the priciest toys you will

of Opto's products, the documentation for this unit is completely unreadable and the process of natural selection do its thing and retire this dinosaur. Again, as with all tion but the rule, Opto should basically let which digital tuning is no longer the excepthose particular frequencies. In a world in useful unless you happen to be interested in luck, not that the chart is even remotely chart out the open window you're out of quency counters. And if you lose that paper moving vehicle is akin to using the old freon the dial. Needless to say, using this in a ter of your 4 MHz wide filter to 825 MHz, calibration chart depicting 11 frequencies you might in fact have to tune to 510 MHz your particular unit. Thus, to tune the cenand their corresponding dial settings for linear analog tuning. When you get your unit, it will come with a custom frequency My problem with the APS104 is its non-

Universal M-400v2 Decoder

thought I would mention just the same. As mon across the radio spectrum, products digital signals become more and more com-Not an Opto product but one which I

Page 38

2600 Magazine

on such a product, and Universal does sell the "M-400" is that it costs \$400 as I can tell, the only reason that it is called a similar model that plugs into a PC). So far 8K of information, has extremely limited told that at least one company is working have a computer interface (although I am cions that Universal is a lot like Opto when programming capabilities, and does not For example, the unit can only store up to the questions I had concerning the M-400. The manual does, however, clarify many of it comes to documenting their products. manual was enough to confirm my suspithe product itself. Just one glance at the every expensive product before ordering something I suggest everyone does with order an owner's manual from Universal unit for testing. I was, however, able to Unfortunately, I was not able to acquire a will gain in importance and popularity. many types of signals including pagers,

AOR's AR8000 Wide Range Receiver

the EEPROM) and in the following modes: AM, USB, LSB, CW, NFM, WFM. Another tinuous (less cellular until you reprogram the AR8000 is a great little unit, capable of receiving from 100 kHz to 1900 MHz coneven without these undocumented features how AOR can accomplish this with our curcomputer and reprogram its EEPROM to prefer, you can interface the AR8000 to a rent laws in place, so am I! In any case ple are now offering. If you're wondering unblock cellular, a service which some peoband, with absolutely no modifications imaging loud and clear on its 1400 MHz unit is that it receives 800 MHz cellular reason why you should own this \$600-650 world, and rightly so. The most important ing immense popularity in the hacker (tune from approximately 1419.9 to 1442.91 MHz in 10 kHz steps). Or, if you As with the Scout, the AR8000 is enjoy-

with eight-character alphanumeric text tags | NiCads, but four AAs

noteworthy feature is its ability to store fre- | for each frequency. Lastly, the AR8000 quencies in non-volatile memory along | does not use costly internal or external

APS104 Frequency Calibration

Frequency	Dual Setting
10MHz	400
27MHz	013-
50MHz	0ale
100MHz	057
150MHz	07%
220MHz	///
450MHz	282
600MHz	325
Z J 184 528	5/0
870MHz	570
41-100001	200

cles above were chosen to represent typical communications bands, conter of the diaffit wide filter to the desired frequency, tune the diaf digit number above.

Any device that requires a sheet of paper in order to tune is not worth your time, especially when that device costs \$995.

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Mar dial

Living in small towns most of my life it

until about 1989 they hardly had any comnot many other cities own a telco. And up ers and phone systems. the same interests as I do - namely computnot all, of what I have learned has been phone company. It is a rare situation and few of other people I have met who share through trial and error and from a select phreaking and related topics. So most, if has been hard to find any information on Also, the town where I live owns the

everything is computerized now. I had one telco person say there were still some mechanical switches in the CO. I pletely upgraded their system in 1990 and Citytel I would not discount it. They comdon't know if that was true or not but with old equipment puterization at all and were still using very

ers that I could connect with. Being in a in my prefix area and have it look for comcould dial into so everything was long disthere was no BBS or anything local that I I read about a program that would dial like the one I read about to dial everything tance. Not knowing a thing about phreaking small town in 1983 (under 3000 people). was intensely interested in finding computbps modem for an Atari computer I had and purpose. At the time I had just bought a 300 numbers sequentially for some mundane figured I could write my own program Years ago when I was still in high school it for about two months. Needless to say I was kinda famous when I got back to carted away in a box and I was not let near such a thing. All my computer stuff was ents were shocked that I could even do given one month's suspension and my parto them but they didn't listen and I was helped out quite a bit. I tried to explain that can say all the books and mags that I read was careful not to damage their system. about computers and other systems so the time but all I wanted to do was learn

could only dial at night since it was on my Basic that worked and did what I wanted. found a number that answered parents' line. In about two days the program After about a week I had a program in

really think about doing any hacking again

I moved away to a larger town of about

school.

connected to my mystery number. I tried All I got was a prompt ("login>") when

> logged in quite a few times over a few ing a little chat with the principal and a few others from the school board. Needless to around and the next thing I know I was hava few days and read anything I could on to get in for a few days but I had no clue as to what it was asking for. I was in the local weeks. audit on their system and found that I had found what I had done. They did a little say the powers that be freaked when they had found and he went and blabbed it hooked. I wandered around that system for thing that was about Unix. I finally found an ID that got me in - UUCP I think it was. books when I saw the same prompt in a library and looking at some computer friend in my computer lab at school what I belonged to the local school board. I told a I must say after that little hack I was book. It was a Unix machine apparently Unix. Eventually I found that the computer Well, after that I started to look for any. I knew nothing about hacker ethics at

esting nonetheless.

cardlock system where you had to use a I found a computer that controlled a gas my Atari. that did what my old dialer program did for wrote a script in Qmodem's script language

punch coded card to pump gas. I wondered

how to get into it as the prompt was

"Password:". The town is not that big so

of about a week. Lots were open systems right from the start able to log into and gain root access almost more about computer systems and nettected their systems are. Also I had learned one thought about hackers and how unprowith absolutely no security at all. I guess no works. Some of the Unix machines I was I found lots of computers over a period

left the system wide open. took the system off line and changed the a very good job of it and they eventually ly amazed me. After being hacked, they still got root access almost right away. That realthey still left the system wide open and I were savvy to intruders. But not enough. lot. But I didn't do much with it as they and they had upgraded the machine quite a number. I found it again about a month later attempted to cover my tracks but did not do sysadmin. No password on it at all. I system administrator access first try with found was the local school board and I got As fate would have it, the first system I

> always atraid of getting caught give myself free gas if I wanted to but was all. I found I could shut the pump down or

hey... a fluke is better than not getting in at

police department, fire department, a shelset up that recorded who was calling the it and the second column was always a difcolumn always had one of four numbers in of about half an hour new phone numbers the screen. I decided to let it run for a while with and I was trying to get a prompt and this day I don't know what exactly it was substation. Nothing spectacular but interter for battered women, and a small RCMP was something that the phone company had ferent one. Eventually I figured out that it would suddenly show up on the screen. One and see what else happened. Over a period suddenly some phone numbers appeared on for. I found a number that I could connect I did find one interesting thing that to

think it was mostly a fluke that I got in but password, I entered the five digit serial ly thinking that the serial number was the went home and called the system. Not realthat, I wrote down the five numbers and on the side with a serial number. Seeing you inserted your card and saw a little plate drove around until I found the one I figured number at the prompt and bingo! I was in. I was the one. I looked over the system where

the challenge of just doing it. get into systems. Mostly curiosity about understood anyway what motivated me to telling others but no one would have really other person about what I was doing but it of bored of it. Also, this time I told only one every computer I could, I found I got kind other systems, how they work, and I guess number that he had found. I thought of was a fellow who approached me with a After about three months of getting into

now their switch is pretty good. know how much of an eye the phone comwhistles. I'd still like to do it but I don't could have caller ID and all the bells and company upgraded their switch so people almost nil with the mechanical switches but pany has on lines these days. Before it was Another reason I stopped was the phone

like to see what they've got in there! hung up fairly quickly and I don't know what they have for security. Too bad... I'd assuming it's a Vax but I'm not sure as I computer! I got the prompt "Username>" dialed a wrong number and got a computer with a banner saying city telephones so I'm To my surprise it was the CityTel switching of me and I dialed it again with my modem. tone. My old hacker curiosity got the better However a few days ago I accidentally

Page 40

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

using a comm program called Qmodem. I

then I had an old XT and a 286 and was and his hunt for the German hacker. By until I read about the famous Clifford Stoll 16,000 when I finished school and I did not

2600 Magazine

to use it as they see fit. It's short but it a test drive version probably on most scanners work but this is the one I made. works well. I don't know how any other prefixes and thought that others might want still have the old Qmodem script that scans Qmodem for it to work but it is available in the point of why I'm mostly writing this. I think about doing it now and again. But to The only thing is you have to have The script is as follows: I've kind of grown out of it but still add: gosub save

;Autodialer Script for Qmodem.

assign 90 assign 1 ATDT

getn 24 display 'Autodialer Script for Qmodem.' write 'Enter the three digit prefix:

write 'Now enter the four digit starting writeln ' ' number:

getn 34 writeln ' '

writeln 'Done.' closefile

flush cirscr

return incr 3

if '\$4' = 'n' go_dial writeln ' '

write 'Enter the number you wish to

ınkey 4 1

write 'Do you want to stop dialing at a

certain number? (Y/N):

get 6 20

to:

writeln ' '

write 'Enter filename to save numbers

writeln ' ' computers.

go_dial: turnon online

2600 Magazine

Page 42

exit

Summer 1995

send '\$1\$2\$3^M' pause 2000 displayln 'Now dialing \$2-\$3'

if Soffline add pause 25000; timing for how many about three or 4 rings. rings. 25000 is for 20 seconds or

goto go_dial

goto go_dial if '\$3' > '\$5' bye incr 3 flush hangup displayln 'No connection made with \$2-\$3'

displayln 'CONNECTED with \$2-

hangup incr 9 cirscr writeln 'Hanging up modem.'

openfile c:\\$6 append writefile \$2\$3 pause 3000 writeln 'Writing number to disk......'

pause 1000

writeln 'You connected with \$9 writeln 'Terminating Program.' writeln ' '

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Page 43

box. This is simply too much of an expense

Coping with Cable Denial 2:

The Jerrold 450 Hack

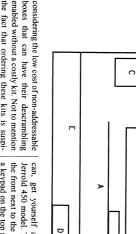
by Prowler

of basic cable service. must however be willing to endure the cost yourself methods for receiving cable. You should be motivated to explore some do-it-Given the price of cable TV these days, one coping with cable denial at a low cost. article I hope to provide some methods for equipment in the Spring 94 issue. In this excellent review of cable TV operation and I must commend Cap'n Dave on his

usually pay for itself within a year's subactually a cheaper alternative since it will ny it you purchase your own box. This is cost (around \$30 to \$50). they can be purchased for a relatively low these boxes are not used much anymore, addressable and descrambling boxes. Since same cable access using the older nonis, however, usually possible to get the for access to pay-per-view type channels. It spread use of newer protection schemes and are becoming the norm due to the wideare addressable and descrambling. These issued are the newer type converters which box to get the job done. Typically, the boxes have to own the most up to date converter scription of cable. Also, you do not always rent your cable equipment from the comparental charge. You do not, however, have to will be issued for an additional monthly you order the pay channels, a converter box "cable-ready" TV. If your TV is old or if without using a converter box if you have a channels) can be received at your house Basic cable (everything except pay

descrambling on the converter box. Nonand can be programmed by the cable comand non-addressable boxes is as follows: includes enabling and disabling the pany remotely to control operation. This Addressable boxes have a unique number The difference between the addressable

ber of modifications to be made inside the tronics and soldering since there are a numalso must have some experience with elecabout \$150 and the kit is around \$60. You doing. An addressable box usually costs you have the money and know what you're no matter what they do. An ideal solution if and cannot be reset by the cable company ROM of course has all the channels enabled the box that stores the cable settings. This chip that replaces the EEPROM found in only". What you will get will be a ROM is usually labeled "for testing purposes able box and get the "technician's kit" that you can always purchase your own addressfor your free cable service. To avoid this enable, all other numbers disable." So much the message "all paying box numbers through the customer database and sends the computer at the central office looks or once a day, you can never tell. Basically periodic signal to prevent this sort of thing because most cable companies send out a turns it off. This is only a temporary fix "descramble all" until the cable company unplugging the unit to prevent the box from their addressable boxes enabled, then ple who order all the pay channels to have opened to handle any class of cable service this problem since they never need to be service. The newer addressable boxes fixed modified to facilitate changes in your cable pany since the box must be opened and channels. This is a pain for the cable company with the box when you order your This chip is obtained from the cable commines what channels will be descrambled addressable boxes require a chip that deter from happening. This can be once a month This will leave your box settings on disabling when they cancel the service You have probably heard stories about peo-



(back)

cable

in P

cable out

ask but someone could be watching, you cious if you don't own some kind of cable the fact that ordering these kits is suspienabled without a costly kit. Not to mention boxes that can have their descrambling service company. The manufactures don't

is not cost effective to keep and repair these ings. Also, since these boxes are on the way shows, HAM fests, and other such gather-You can also find these at electronics boxes are very common and can be ordered the model you want to obtain. These older converters you are in good shape. GI also company uses these of other types of GI dumpster behind your local cable office. It out, you can sometimes find them in a from tine publications like Nuts and Volts. boxes with the model name Jerrold. This is manufactures compatible non-addressable able box is the Impulse model. If your cable types of boxes. A newer type of GI address-Instrument (GI) and I will be covering these manufacturer and model. One of the most the sticker on the bottom of the box for boxes that your cable company uses. Check suggest you do: First, find out what type of manufacturers is General this job.

To get yourself started here's what I a keypad on the top right. the front next to the LED display and have Jerrold 450 model. They are identified on Once you get a Jerrold 450, hook it up get yourself a General Instrument

mon PC cases will fit and are perfect for mal ones. Incidentally, the screws for comout the screws and replace them with northe head of the screw then use a standard flathead to get it off. Or you can just drill can do is use a small file to cut a notch in make it a hassle to open the box. What you often than not, security screws are used to have your box you must get it open. More trap (not recommended). Now to get these channels without modifying the negative trap in use and you will not be able (not just scrambled) there is probably a channels. If the picture and sound is fuzzy so, you will probably be able to get these these channels but a scrambled picture? If scrambled channels. Do you get sound on scrambled unless you got lucky and have a stations. The pay channels will appear you should be able to tune in all the cable tem. Put your TV on channel 2, 3, or 4 and and make sure it works with your cable sys-"fixed" box. Pay close attention to the that you

are interested in is the unscrambler (part view). Obviously, the only component we should look like the above diagram (top Once you have gotten it open, the inside

boxes when the cable company can rent newer addressable type boxes that provide

hassle-free service. So, as cheaply as you

Page 44

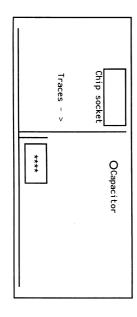
the front of the board (the component side): al wires connected to the circuit board, but box attached to the back. The circuit board loose. Once you have it loose, take a look at ly. You do not have to cut wires to get it and free the board from the bottom careful-Use a pair of pliers to twist the tabs back board around once freed from the bottom usually with enough slack to move the twisted to hold it in place. There are severthrough the bottom of the case and then is attached with tabs that are inserted A). It is a circuit board with a small metal

modification is. In this case, we will be once you know where the key point for covered in blue epoxy. This is done to prearea of interest. Do not be surprised if the board from the spot indicated. removing components from the circuit the circuit. This, however, does very little vent someone from viewing or modifying whole board except for the chip socket is The area with the asterisks (****) is the

drill with a grinding bit to remove the epoxy in this area. You will notice that the not be evident due to the epoxy coating but connects are four vertically mounted What you will need to do is carefully use a nently enabling descrambling on the box Removing these diodes is the key to permayou can use the traces shown as a reference. inches from the left of the board. This will diodes. They start approximately three Right next to where the bottom wire left (7)

diodes are covered in a small piece of white stripe) goes into the hole next to it on the (8) and the cathode (side with the black anode goes into the far bottom right hole are the bottom right holes in the socket. The chip socket, specifically pins 7 and 8 which a 1N914 diode (very common). You will ready to complete the modification. Obtain solder in to fix it. Once this is done, you are scratch up either side of it and put a drop of If you accidentally cut through a trace, from the board or simply grind them away. expose one, the remaining three are easy to right next to one another so once you and underneath the diodes. The diodes are any traces or cut through the whole board! through the diodes as long as you do not cut the diodes. You could also just grind right you are in the right area. If you expose a cloth. Once you see this, you will know that need to insert this in two of the holes of the find. Once found, use pliers to cut them You must be careful, there are traces next to cloth and crack away the epoxy covering piece of this, you can sometimes pull the

the different pay channels. Your modified panies use different protection schemes for channel at the very least. Most cable compulling in. You should be getting one new Check to see what channels you are now board back in place and hook up your box into descrambling mode. Put the circuit And that's it! Your box is now hardwired



Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

box may or may not handle all the different protection in use. One problem with the older boxes is that new protection schemes have been created since the time the boxes were designed. This again can be overcome without incurring significant expense.

Starbase circuit boards are usually not covmodified just like the box. Fortunately the So, as you can imagine, the Starbase can be on a chip to enable channel descrambling design to the one in the box. They also rely box. The circuit inside is very similar in designed to sit underneath your converter power the unit and come in a small flat case nals. They typically have an AC adapter to a descrambling unit designed for 12 dB sigmuch cheaper than the old converter boxes. ordered from electronics magazines and are Starbase and is also manufactured by General Instrument. These too can be mode signals. This unit is called the used the older boxes but wanted to use Tribox was developed for companies that still uation? Well, it just so happens that a subunscrambled for one minute and then This is because they are nothing more than 12 dB. What can you do to remedy this sitscrambled the next when the signal goes to view channel in your area. It may be this effect when trying to view the pay-permonly known as Tri-mode. You may notice alternating 6 and 12 dB signal and is comtion scheme was developed that uses an the 6 dB mode that was standard during cable signals. The older boxes only handle boxes have is the ability to handle 12 dB their time of manufacture. A new protec-

diately see the row of four diodes that need to be cut. Then by putting a 1N914 diode into the chip socket you will have completed the modification. You will then be able to see all cable channels not hindered by an outdoor negative trap, including pay-perview which will now be on 24 hours a day! Depending on your cable company, a Starbase unit may not be required. In any cases, it is a small expense for almost total access to cable.

One feature that the newer addressable

they send out from time to time to scar lem is that cable companies have trucks that panies bust using this ploy. Another probamazing how many people the cable comseen on channels you don't subscribe to. Sounds pretty straightforward right? It's ble the ad. Lots of stupid people grab the signals sent down the line, it will descramcontest, etc. Since your box descrambles all ny decides to unscramble all the pay chana few examples. One day the cable compamodified cable box is of course illegal and should be taken into consideration. If rule, never call in about things you have you find is a warrant for your arrest. As a says the operator. When you get there what "Come on down and get your free stuff," phone and call in to get the merchandise. they broadcast a scrambled signal with an nels for about 2 minutes. During this time caught out of sheer stupidity. I will give you no method of determining whether or not advertisement for free merchandise or a you are stealing cable. Most people are This is due to the fact that they really have cable company will definitely prosecute. you're caught using this equipment, the I feel it prudent to mention that use of a

> you cable equipment visible from outside better the protection. Lastly, never leave be detected. The better the amplifier, the Connect one of these first on the line inside pole, everything will appear normal Even if they check your signal out at the the company from accurately determining what you are running inside the house. also highly recommended. This prevents Buying a decent cable signal amplifier is decent equipment and do the job right rule, always spend the extra dollar for if you're also using a modified box. As a detect. Your account will be checked and there will be leakage that the trick will and used cheap splitters and connectors, have run another extension in your house neighborhoods for signal leakage. If you your house. Everything beyond it will not you could be busted. This could really suck

> > technician may notice it through a window.
> >
> > This can obviously lead to an uncool situation.

box itself. box will usually be much cheaper than the bling capabilities. Add-on products for the should be non-addressable with descramshould be fair game. Your entry level box brand the local cable company uses works. It will usually be determined by the you can get your hands on and see what at the bottom with the cheapest equipment system regardless of area or cable company should be able to come up with a working ability of inexpensive equipment, you structure of cable TV service and the avail-Anything this company Do some experimenting in your area. Start In conclusion, given the wide oper manufactures

With all this in mind, be careful and happy hacking!

your house. Your neighbors or a passing

WRITE FOR 2600!

Apart from helping to get the hacker perspective out to the populace and educating your fellow hackers, you stand to benefit in the following ways:

A year of 2600 for every article we print (this can be used towards back issues as well).

A 2600 t-shirt for every article we print

A voice mail account for regular writers (2 or more articles).

ered in epoxy. You should be able to imme-

× × × × × ×

× ×

1N914 diode

An account on 2600.com for regular writers. (2600.com uses encryption for login sessions and for files so that your privacy is greatly increased.)

2600 Magazine

Page 46

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

en en en Conferences en en en

more information and complete convention details contact the following. World Wide Web: http://mnderground.org/defcon, FTP Site: ftp.fc.net/pub/defcon; mailing lists: mail majordomo@fc.net with the following statement in the body of your message; subscribe de-amnounce; voice or voice mail 0-700-826-438 from a phone with AT&T LD, or 10288 it; c-mail: dnangen@defcon.org (The Dark Tangent); snail mail: 2709 E. Madison #102, Seattle, WA, 98112; BBS system to call for infoir your don't have net access; 612-521-5211; new DEF CON Voice Bridge: 801-855-3326. Tropicana Hotel. SPECIAL EVENTS: Hacker Jeopardy, Spot the Fed Contest, Voice bridge, Gireaways, Red Box Creation Contest, Video Room, Cool Video Shit, Scavenger Contest, Who knows? For rad people. WHEN: August 4, 5, 6-1995 (Speaking on the 5th and 6th). WHERE: Las Vegas, Nevada at the Tropicana Hotel. SPECIAL EVENTS: Hacker Criminally Insane, Hearing Impaired WHO: You know who you are, you shady characters. WHAT: A convention for you to meet, party, and disten to some speeches that you would normally never get to hear from some ker culture. We try to target the (fill in your favorite word here). Hackers, Phreaks, Hammles, Virii Coders, Programmers, Crackers, Cyberpunk Wannabees, Civil Liberties Groups, CypherPunks, Futurists, Artists, announcement and invitation to DEF CON III, a con-DEF CON III COMPUTER "UNDERGROUND" CONVENTION. What's this? This is an initial vention for the "underground" elements of the comput-

en en en en for Sale en en en en en

DMV DATABASE - 1995 EDITION for the state of Texas. Look up license plates, generate mailing lists, search for missing persons, do demographic research, trace debtors, many other uses! Texas \$495, Florida \$495, Oregon \$219. Mike Bekette, Bootleg Software, 9520 SE Mt. Scott, Portland, OR 97266 (303) 777-2910.

STEALTH PASSWORD RECORDER, Secrety Windows

records usernames and passwords on any P.C. Works with PC/programs, or any mainframe/BBS/whatever accessed by the PC users. Undiscoverable "stealth" dual S.YS/COM program. 100% tested on PC, XI, AI, 286, 386, 486 & all DOSs. Only 529 US. Incl. disks, manual. Also: PC background keypress recorder. RECK-EY-EXE is a Steath TSR white heroords all keys pressed in DOS and Windows to DISK or RAM. Also stores key-press timings, & key-hold duration. Can identify what's typed, when, & by "whom" (from their typing syle). Includes programming info and extensive help. Only \$29 US. Ship anywhere free. Order from MindSite, GPO Box 343, Sydney NSW 2001 Australia.

e-mail
VIDEO "HOW TO BUILD A RED BOX". VHS 72 LOOKING FOR A LINEMAN'S HANDSET? We THE BLACK BAG TRIVIA QUIZ: On MSDOS disk

great detailed view of process. Other red boxing devices discussed as well: Hallmark cards, digital recording watch, and more! Best investment you!! upon rake! Only \$29 US. \$5 for shipping & handling. DIGITAL RECORDING KEYCHAIN. Records ANY tone you No assembly necessary. \$28 US and \$5 shipping & handling. Send check or money order to: East America Company, Suite 300, 156 Sherwood Place, Englewood, min. Complete step by step instruction on how to convert a Radio Shack tone dialer into a red box. This video makes it easy Magnification of circuit board gives a generate onto chip. Very small. Fits in pocket for easy access. 20 second capacity. Includes 3 watch batteries.

06471

\$4 total for any number of devices for shipping & insurance. "THE QUARTER" DEVICE - complete KIT of all parts, including ZX3x1 case, as printed in Summer 1993 issue of 2600. All you supply is 9 wolt battery & "THE MAGICAL TONE BOX" - FULLY ASSEMBLED version of this device similar to the one published in Winter 1993-94 Issue of 2600. Credit card size

GET YOUR COPY of the newest and best ANSI bomb/bad batch file detector. ANSI-PS-2IP. Send \$3 to cover shipping and handling to Patrick Harvey, 710 Peachtree St. NE #430, Atlanta, GA 30308.

Interactive Q&A on bugging, wiretapping, locks, alarms, weapons, and other wonderful stuff. Test your knowledge of the covert sciences. Entertaining and VERY educational. Includes selected shareware catalog and restricted book catalog. Send \$1 (\$1.50 for 3.5) and 2 stamps to: Mentor Publications, Box 1549-Y, Asbury Park, NJ 07712.

have rotary for \$65 (US), Great for use with your tone dialer. Send your order to Durham Technical Products.

PO. Box 237, Arlington, TX 76004 USA. (Internet address: bic@self.lonestar.org). We also carry 6.5000 mltx crystals for \$4 aptices; there or more crystals only \$3 each. Also available: 8870 or SSI-202 DTMF decoder IC's on W957 receiver IC \$4.556 tuner IC's for \$1.00. Cash, check, or money of the product of \$1.00. Cash, check, or money or \$1.50. \$355 times for \$1.00. Cash, check, or money clear.) A current parts flyer is available by snail mail or order accepted. (There is a short delay for checks to

LOWEST PRICES on underground information including phraking, hacking, cellular, anarchy, and too many other subjects to list. Send \$1 (cash) for current catalog. Byte Bandits, PO Box 861, No. Branford, CT

& only 1/4 inch thin! Records ANY tone you generate omto chip. 20 second capacity. Includes 4 watch batteries Only \$29, 2 for \$55, 4 for \$102. Send money order for 2nd-day shipping; checks need 18 days to clear. Add

programs, manuals, and membership from our elite organization. Legit and recognized world-wide, our information resources will elevate you to a higher plane of consciousness. Send \$1 for a catalog to: SotMESC, Box 573, Long Beach, MS 39560. INFORMATION IS POWER! Arm yourself for the Information Age. Get information on backing, phreaking, cracking, electronics, vinuese, anarchy techniques, and the internet here. We can supplement you with files, and the internet here. We can supplement you with files, include phone number & needs. E. Newman, Blvd. East, Suite 19N, West New York, NJ 07093 order in U.S. funds. For quantity discounts on any item for \$20, 10 for only \$35, 25 for \$75, 50 for \$125, 100 for \$220, 200 for only \$400 (\$2 each). Crystals are POSTPAID. All orders from outside U.S., add \$12 per MHZ CRYSTALS available in these quantities ONLY: 5

TAP BACK ISSUES, complete set Vol. 1-3J of QUAL-ITY copies from originals. Includes sub-martics and indexes \$100 pospiad. Via UPs or First Class Mail. Copy of 1971 Esquire article "The Secrets of the Little Blue Bow" \$2.6 a large &ASE w/S2 cents of stamps. Pete G., PO Box 463, Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054. We are the

tary by Annaliza Savage, as reviewed in 2600 Winter 593-94 issue now available from Savage Productions, Suite One, 281 City Road, London ECIV 1LA, U.K. with a cheque or money order for \$25.00 or 15 UK Pounds, NTSC VHS unless otherwise requested. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS. The hacker documen-

eza eza eza Info Exchange eza eza eza

HOPE-now call us and experience a professional, free-dom-based BBS! H/P texts, PC demos, coding, free Internet newsgroups, and e-mail. No charges/ratios! 28.8, 24hrs (313) TOG-1-DOG, automated info from

TOG DOG, Evil Clown of Pork BBS, you saw us at

DATA INTELLIGENCE CORE (503) 697-7694. An H/P/A subjects as well as espionage. Need information information exchange for intelligence matters. Handles Kussian Intelligence. Send e-mail

INFO EXCHANGE. Please send any hack/phreak/ scam/controversial info. Especially looking for info that is relevant to the United Kingdom. Need info to start UK hack mag. Send info and return address (not com-pulsory) to London Underground to Terry Boone, 120 Chesterfield Rd., Ashford, Middlesex, TW15 2ND, does, where I can get one, and how it works. Also need any other BBS or cable hacking info. Will exchange knowledge with anyone. Send info to The Dominus, 4302 West Azeele St., Tampa, FL 33609-3824. Will WANTED: Any information on cable hacking or ANSI bombs. I need to know what exactly an ANSI bomb

will provide a 100% reply to any other hackers who will take the time to reply and supply information. Send all correspondences to: The Net_Lester, 16 Frida Cres, Castle, Northwich, Cheshire, CW8 1DJ, England. to learn and explore the arts of hacking and phreaking, NEW ENGLISH HACKER requires contacts in order

for any number of kits for shipping & insurance. 6.5536 wire. Only \$29, 2 kits for \$55, 4 for \$102. Add \$4 total MINNEAPOLIS/ST. PAUL BUSINESSMAN would like to discuss a business venture with "top gun" hacker and/or surveillance expert on a consulting fee basis.

6040 P.O. Box 27401, Golden Valley, MN 55427-0401
NEED HELP WITH COLLEGE TRANSCRIPTS In confidence please forward a note profile to: Robert respond telephonically (334) 887-8946.

30286, Memphis, TN 38130.

NEED HELP TO CLEAR MY CREDIT REPORTS Then maybe a back page closer by an ineaccerated felon entitled something like "Definite Black" or "in The Dark". Need manual so I can learn to use a telephone lineman's test set. Small blue metal box. Western Electric 145A Test Set. Send all submissions to: PO Box one by-line will be "Darker Shades of Gray" writter only by citizens convicted of at least a misdemeanor Then maybe a back page closer by an incarcerated felor WANTED: Articles for a NEW newsletter. Hopefully

Please respond to: PO Box 32086, Panama 32407-8086.

en en en Hacker Boards en en en

resource for anarchists, survivalists, adventurers, inves-tigators, researchers, computer hackers, and phone phreaks. Scheduled hacker chat meetings. Encrypted e-mail/file exchange. Telnet: anarchy-online.com. Modem. (214) 289-8328. ANARCHY ONLINE - A computer bulletin board

an UNPHAMILIAR TERRITORY WANTS YOU! We are a bulletin board system running out of Phoenix, AZ and have been in operation since 1999. We serve as a ystem in which security flaws, system exploits, and at electronic freedom are discussed. There is no illegal information contained on the system. We offer an interactive forum in which computer security specialists, law of the contained on the system. We offer an interactive forum in which computer security specialists, law of the contained on the system. We offer an interactive for the swell as well as those will computer hackers. We call this "neutral territory" and we have been computer thankers in their field as well as those will computer hackers. We call this "neutral territory" and we have been doing this for 4 years. Since 1991, we've had security lowers of the government participate. We have a also had journalists from InfoWorld, InfoSecurity News, Gray Areas Magazine, and a soore of others participate.

may be edited or not printed a Deadline for Autumn issue: 8/15/95 Markeplace ads are free to subscribers! Send your ad to: 2600 Markeplace, PO Box 99, Middle Island, NY 11953. Include your address tabel or photocopy. Ads may be edited or not printed at our discretion. Help Wanted S

24

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

know better.

using encryption. This problem must be resolved, they say, According to White House stades, Clinton will seek new FBI powers to monitor phone lines of suspected terrorists as well as more access to credit and travel records. Under the proposal, authorities will be able to do this without evidence of a criminal act underway or in the planning stages. Under the current situation, a lot of people are supporting this kind of a move without considering the consequences. Once such measures are undertaken, they have a history of the planning stages. Under the current situation, a lot of people are supporting this kind of a move without considering the consequences. Once such measures are undertaken, they have a history of the planning stages. When the supporting this kind of hysteria dictating sures are undertaken, they have a history of the behind. After all, our own Bernie S. (see page 4) was denied bail, at least in part because he worked. With this kind of hysteria dictating enforcement, we shudder at the results of these proposals. In the case of Oklahoma City, one fact remains very clear None of this would have helped The suspects weren't significant enough to be noticed. And they didn't use encryption or the net at all. And yet, the tabloids are screaming about the shocking speech that can be found on the Internet and the work of the suspects weren't significant enough to be done to stop it. But curtailing speech and liberty never advances in the tabloids are screaming about the shocking speech that can be found on the Internet and the work of the suspection of the susp

bombing, there were cries on Capitol Hill for "broad new powers" to combat terrorism. According to FBI Director Louis Freeh, one of the biggest problems facing us today is that of criminals communicating on the Internet using encryption. "This problem must be escalard" the communicating to the Internet. YOU DON'T NEED ENCRYPTION TO BLOW UP A bomb. That's the lesson the Clinton administration seems to be having trouble learning. Almost immediately after the Oklahoma City.

believed that this influence abroad. came about because

of FB

It's NOW ILLEGAL TO OWN A SATELLITE TV DISH in Iran. Saying the dishes are the equivalent of waving American flags, the government hopes this move will "immunize the people against the cultural invasion of the West." We think that it's close. ed overly hysterical reaction. It's not quite as stupid as outlawing listening to the radio. But same cultural invasion inspired this short-sight-

Here's one you won't see in a phone compail my ad. Caller ID used successfully by a criminal
against a vicini. That's right! A San Antonio
woman was allegedly shot to death by her exboyfriend earlier this year after he used a Caller
ID box to track her down, It seems she called
him to talk from a male friend's house and that
in addition to the phone number being sent out,
the caller's name was as well. All that was needed at that point was a phone book. Since we've
done such a good job teaching our children and
society the importance of 911, maybe it's time
we started teaching them about *67.

IN ENGLAND, HOWEVER, BRITISH TELECOM IS ereporting a 2.1 percent drop in "malicious" e calls due to their version of Caller ID known as Caller Display. Says BT, "Our technology not only helps create a more efficient and convenient world but is helping our customers feel ester." Customers are also using the British g Call Return feature at a rate of three million calls a day. Callers dia! 1471 and theat the number of the person who called them last for

THE CALL RETURN FEATURE IN CAMADA HAS sparked some countoversy. The CRTC (the regulatory commission governing phone companies) has ordered all of Canada's local phone companies (BC Tel, ACT, Bell Canada, MT&T, WB Tel, and Newfoundland Tel) to stop Call Return from functioning on calls that have been blocked.

seems that NYNEX can't even handle a simple call trace without causing a major incident. Within hours of the Oklahoma City bombing, someone called in a bomb threat to a Boston hospital. NYNEX traced the call to the wrong number, thanks to an employee error and a pol-LAST ISSUE WE REPORTED ON THE DIFFICULTY NYNEX was having with its All-Call Restrict feature. Some phones that were supposed to have it didn't. (We were one of those.) Now it

ENCRYPTION HAS ALREADY BEEN EFFECTIVELY outlawed in Russia. An edict entitled "On Measures to Observe the Law in Development, Production, Sale, and Use of Encryption Devices and on Provision of Services in Encrypting Information" restricts the use of Encryption technologies by government agencies as well as private entities. The edict bans the development, import, sale, and use of unlicensed encryption devices, as well as "protected ed technological means of storage, processing, and transmission of information". It's widely

COULD HAPPEN customers

providing phone service to business customers on Long Island. Of course, the flipside of this is that NYNEX will now enter the cable TV business, something we're not sure the world is ready for. Long Island w NYNEX and NYNEX and Cablevision's Lightpath.
Consumers would be able to switch services without switching numbers. Lightpath has been

THE PRESS RELEASE GOES SOMETHING LIKE THIS.

"You no longer need to carry a pocketful of quarters. With NYNEX's raw European-style payphones, all you'll need is a phone card." Trouble is, these phones are beginning to pop up everywhere in New York City streets, replacing existing "real" payphones. This wouldn't be a problem in itself except the phones there three strikes against them they don't allow calls to 950 numbers, and they don't take incoming calls. One thing that isn't lacking is the NYNEX greed factor; if they aren't making money every minute the receiver is off the hook, they'll make the chook of the communication. the phone completely unusable.

AT&T's NEW 500 NUMBER SERVICE HAS ITS pluses and minuses. While you can make calls from anywhere using your master PIN, you will be stuck with a hefty 80 cent surcharge. If the number you're calling is your home number, you can avoid this surcharge by using one of the non-master PINs that you're supposed to give out to your friends and family. Hopefull you won't be committing a federal crime by engagina the first committing a federal crime by engagina to the committing a federal crime by engagina. ing in this practice

U.S. WEST HAS TAKEN A BIG STEP TOWARDS MAKing phone rates a bit more realistic. For one dollar, payphone callers in Northern Oregon can
make a call within the region and stay on the
phone for as long as they like. The same rate
applies for calling card and collect calls. The
calls are made by dialing 1+503 or 0+503
before the number. Local calls are still a quarter.

IN A DISTURBING LITTLE BIT OF REVISIONISM, we've noticed that scanners with 800 mbz capability, while still illegal to buy, are now defined as "for government use only" in advertisements. Anyone working for a governmental agency who files the proper paperwork is enti-

icy of not doublechecking. Now NYNEX is offering to pay the college tuition of the innocent kid who spent two days in jail as a result. n of the innotled to buy one of these devices and presumably listen to the frequencies that have been denied to the rest of us.

24 SPY SHOPS AROUND

customers in New York City and nd will have a choice between and Cablevision's Time ment agencies are allowed to have those kind of devices. In fact, the federal agents who made the busts were using those very devices to gath-er evidence. the country were designed to keep certain pieces of technology out of the hands of private citizens. Advanced surveillance equipment such as transmitters hidden in pens are illegal for average citizens to own. GOVERNMENT RAIDS ON the country were desi

law enforce

It's opprical. The TRIAL OF KEVIN MITNICK begins July 10 in Kaleigh, North Carolina. He will be facing a 23-count indictment, allegedly the making cellular phone calls on a cloned phone. Each of the feederal counts carries a sentence of 20 years. Assuming Mittack doesn't receive a 460 year sentence, the feeds have indicated that they will bring him up on charges in other locations as well. (San Francisco, San Diego, Denver, Colorado, and Seattle). Every single one of these charges is directly related to the fact that Mitnick was ming in the first place? We may finally have an answer. In 1992, Mitnick was employed by Teltec Investigations, a company that was being investigated by Pacific Bell. According to a source, when the company was contacted, they agreed to testify against Mitnick in entire investigation was the unauthorized accessing of Pacific Bell voice mail. Since Mitnick was on probation at the time and since any probation violation could easily result in prison time, he chose to leave. And that's really the whole reason why this wild chase happened in the first place. Either he accessed a voice mail system without permission or someone else in the company did and decided to make him the fall guy Either way, the punishment far outweighs the crime, if, in fact, there were was a crime. And in Mitnick's case, the punishment has already been handed down in the lived a fugitive's life for years, never knowing when or if his freedom would suddenly expire. We can only hope this side of the denly expire. We can or story is told at the trial.

ANYONE WISHING TO SEND MAIL TO KEVIN MITmick can do so by emailing krininick(@26000.com.
We will forward the mail to him on a regular
basis. Please remember that prison authorities
read all incoming mail.

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

THE
COMI
LETE MPA I
PA L
ISI

We thought it was about time somebody plet with all of the new, weird area code list compatible with all of the new, weird area codes 319 216 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210									307 (1								_		218 (1								208 (1						201 (1	NPA OF	oper unit en	snot any err	of our know	ed. This info	from a split	newer one.	ed the orig	yet. In the c	these are so	that have be	plete with a	pur rogerner	We thou
ime somebody 317 (1952) code list com- sirid area codes 319 (2952) in't even work 340 809 splits, we list- do nat even work 400 (1952) reation is list- at to the best 406 (1952) atte to					52)			(20)															(1952)	52)		16			1952)		(1952)			ORIGIN	or or or	ore or omissi	ledge. Please	ormation is a	, the year of	If the area co	inating area	case of area c	new that the	een announce	all of the new	an upuateu	ight it was abo
7 (1952) 8 (1952) 9 (1952) 216 (1952) 1 (1	KANSAS	NEW YORK	MISSOURI	MICHIGAN	TLLINOIS	CALIFORNIA	TLLINOIS	NEBRACKA	SASKATCHEWAN	FLORIDA	WEST VIRGINIA	COLORADO	DELAWARE	MARYLAND	TEXAS	COLUMBIA	BRITISH	TNDTANA	MINNESOTA	OHIO	PENNSYLVANIA	TEXAS	CALIFORNIA	NEW YORK	TEXAS	CALIFORNIA	TDAHO	WASHINGTON	ALABAMA	MANITOBA	CONNECTICUT		NEW JERSEY	LOCATION	Š.	one	let us know if you	ccurate to the best	its creation is list-	ode wasn't formed	code next to the	ode splits, we list-	ey don't even work	ed so far. Some of	v, weird area codes	area code list com-	out time somebody
552) 552) 552) 552) 552) 553) 553) 553)	555	3	275	520	679	518	517	516	515	514	513	512	510	509	508	507	505	504	503	502	501		500	400	727	423	419	418	417	416	415	414	412	410	408	407	406	405	404	403	402	360	340	334	330	310	317
INDIANA LOUISIANA LOUISIANA LOUISIANA LOUISIANA ALABAMA ALABAMA PUERTO RICO WASHINGTON RICODE ISLAND REBEASIA ALABERTA GEORGIA OKLAHOMA MONTANN FLORIDA GEORGIA GEORGIA GEORGIA ACALIFORNIA FLORIDA FLORIDA FLORIDA FLORIDA FLORIDA ALBERTA GEORGIA OKIAHOMA MONTANN FLORIDA MASSACHUSETTS FENNESSEE BERMUDA LINEOUND PERSONAL LOUISIANA LOUISIANA LOUISIANA LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO NEW BENNEWICK MASHIGGON ALIFORNIA TEXAS KENTUCKY OREON MASHIGGON MASSACHUSETTS MASHIGGON MASSACHUSETTS MASHIGGON MASSACHUSETTS MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MEW BERON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MEW YORK MICHIGAN MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MEW YORK MICHIGAN MASHIGGON MEW YORK MICHIGAN MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MASHIGGON MEM YORK MICHIGAN M	500		500	602	416	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	415	206	617	612	(n	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)		(1994)	(1233)	(1995)	615	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	301	415 713	305	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	206	809	205	U	л	(1952)
	PERSONAL	COMMUNICATIONS	PERSUNAL	ARIZONA	ONTARIO	NEW YORK	MICHIGAN	NEW YORK	IOWA	QUEBEC	ОНІО	TEXAS	CALIFORNIA	WASHINGTON	MASSACHUSETTS	NEW BRONSWICK	NEW MEXICO	LOUISIANA	OREGON	KENTUCKY	ARKANSAS	COMMUNICATIONS	PERSONAL	INFORMATIONAL	BERMUDA	TENNESSEE	ОНІО	QUEBEC	MISSOURI	ONTARIO	CALIFORNIA	WISCONSIN	PENNSYLVANIA	MARYLAND	CALIFORNIA	FLORIDA	MONTANA	OKLAHOMA	GEORGIA	ALBERTA	NEBRASKA	WASHINGTON	PUERTO RICO	ALABAMA	OTTO	TOWN	INDIANA

Page 52

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

Summer 1995

2600 Magazine

801		800	770	760	719	718	717	716	714	713	712		710	709	708	707	706	705	704	703	702	707	700	619	618	617	616	615	614	613	612	610	609	808	000	605	1	604	603	602	601	600	0 0 0	2	577		566	562		544	541	540	
(1952)		!	404	679	202	212	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)		-	902	312	415	404	613	(1952)	(1952)	(1053)	(1952)	/00	714	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	901	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	215	201	414	315	(7567)		(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)		300	000	500		500	310		500	503	703	
UTAH		TOLL FREE	GEORGIA	CALIFORNIA	COLOBADO	NEW YORK	DENTISVIVANIA	MISCONSIN	CALIFORNIA	TEXAS	IOWA	GOVERNMENT	U.S.	NEWFOUNDLAND	ILLINOIS	CALIFORNIA	GEORGIA	ONTARIO	NORTH CAROLINA	VIRGINIA	META DA	NORTH DAKOTA	THUINGIS	CALIFORNIA	ILLINOIS	MASSACHUSETTS	MICHIGAN	TENNESSEE	OHIO	ONTARIO	MINNESOTA	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW TERSEY	WISCONSIN	NEW YORK	SOUTH DAKOTA	COLUMBIA	BRITISH	NEW HAMPSHIRE	ARIZONA		CANADA (TWX)	COMMINITATIONS	COMMUNICATIONS	PERSONAL	COMMUNICATIONS	PERSONAL	CALIFORNIA	COMMUNICATIONS	PERSONAL	OREGON	VIRGINIA	COMMUNICATIONS
972	970	954	941	919	01.0	917	916	0 1 st	914	912	910	909	908	907	906	905	904	903		902	901	900	000	0	877		866	864	860	850	847		844	o'.	033	270	819	818	817	816	815	814	873	010	2	809	808	807	806	805	804	803	802
214	303	305	813	704	405	212/718	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	404	919	714	201	(1957)	616	416	305	214		(1952)	(1952)	!	000	000	800		800	803	203	904	708		800	000	000	000	514	213	214	(1952)	(1952)	(1952)	305	(1952)	3	(1958)	(1957)	613	915	213	703	(1952)	(1952)
TEXAS	COLORADO	FLORIDA	FLORIDA	NORTH CAROLINA	OKLAHOMA	NEW YORK	CALIFORNIA	TEXAS	NEW YORK	GEURGIA	NORTH CAROLINA	CALIFORNIA	NEW JERSEY	ALASKA	MICHIGAN	ONTARIO	FLORIDA	TEXAS	P.E.I.	NOVA SCOTIA/	TENNESSEE	PAY SERVICES		MOLI EREF	TOLL FREE	SERVICES	TOLL FREE	SOUTH CAROLINA	CONNECTICUT	FLORIDA	ILLINOIS	SERVICES	TOLL FREE	SERVICES	TOLL FREE	SERVICES	CORREC	CALIFORNIA	TEXAS	MISSOURI	ILLINOIS	PENNSYLVANIA	FLORIDA	TNDTANA	LSLANDS	CARIBBEAN	HAWAII	ONTARIO	TEXAS	CALIFORNIA	VIRGINIA	SOUTH CAROLINA	VERMONT

2600 MEETINGS

bank of payphones that don't take incoming calls.

Boise, ID Bloomington, MN
Mail of America, north side food court, across from Burger King and the

Student Union building at Boise State University near payphones Payphone numbers: (208) 342-9432, 9559, 9700, 9798.

Prudential Center Plaza, Terrace Food Court. Payphones: (617) 236: 6582, 6584, 6585.

astem Hills Mail (Clarence) by lockers near food court.

Buffalo

San Francisco

Washington State Convention Center, first floor, Payphones: (206) 220-9774.5.6,7. Seattle

Pentagon City Mall in the food court.

London, England
Trocadero Shopping Center (near Picadilly Circus) next to VR machines. In the bar at San Jose 05.

City Center, lower level near the payphones.

Columbus, OH

Mama's Pizza, northeast comer of Campbell Rd. and Preston Rd. in North

s, first floor of the two story strip section. 7 pm. Payphone: (214) 931-

University Circle Arabica.

Clearwater Mall, near the food court. (813) 796-9706, 9707, 9708, 9813.

Cleveland

Kenwood Town Center, food court. 3rd Coast Cafe, 1260 North Dearborn.

Cincinnati

Hauptherhot (Certral Station), list floor, by Burger (fing and the pay-prones, (One stop on the S-Barn from Hazbertonese - Hazbertonge) Birtiplace of Hazber-Paythor thear Paythornes: 449-89-591-825, 449-95 559-641, 542, 543, 544, 545. Munich, Germany

ural Mall in the new section by phones. Payphones: (717) 454-9236,

Hjartan). At the payphones.

Union Station, corner of Macy & Alameda. Inside main entrance by bank of phones. Payphones: (213) 972-9358, 9388, 9506, 9519, 9520; 625-

Los Angeles

Food court at the Oak Park Mall in Overland Park, Kansas. Food court under the stairs in Galleria 2, next to McDonalds

Union South (227 S. Randall St.) on the main level by the payphones. Payphone numbers: (608) 251-9746, 9914, 9916, 9923.

evue Mall in Bellevue, in the food court. (615) 646-9020, 9027, 9050

The Mail, St. Matthew's food court 9923, 9924; 614-9849, 9872, 9918, 9926

ouisville, KY

New York City
Citicorp Center, in the lobby, near the payphones, 153 E 53rd St., between Lexington & 3rd. Payphones; (212) (22-9011, 8827; 308-8044, 8162.

Anchorage, AK
Diamond Center Food Court, smoking section, near payphones.

Ann Arbor, MI Galleria on South University. Baltimore

30th Street Amtirak Station at 30th & Market, under the "Statived 7" sign Payphones: (215) 222-9880, 9881, 9779, 9799, 9632, 397-9751.

Cafe Wirn on Sussex, a block down from Rideau Street. 7 pm.

from the Newscaster. Payphone. (410) ST-3261.

Batton Rouge, LA

In The LSU Union Building, between the Tiger Pause and Swersen's lize
Cream, next to the payphones. Payphone numbers: (504) 387-5200,
5030, 9510, 9722, 9730, 9735. altimore Inner Harbor, Harborplace Food Court, Second Floor, across

> Payphones: (412) 928-9926, 9927, 9934. Lloyd Center Mail, second level at the food court. Pittsburgh Parkway Center Mal, south of downtown, on Route 279. In the food court

Poughkeepsie, NY
South Hills Mall, off Route 9. By the payphones in front of Radio Shack

Raleigh, NC

Crabtree Valley Mall, food cour

St. Louis Galleria, Highway 40 and Brentwood, lower level, food court area, by the Marketplace Mall food court.

Secramento

Downtown Plaza food court, upstains by the theatre. Payphones: (916)

4 Embarcadero Plaza (inside). Payphones: (415) 398-9803, 9804, 9805,

Washington DC

EUROPE & SOUTH AMERICA Buenos Aires, Argentina

7 pm to 8pm.

Granada, Spain

Al Kwi Pub in Pedro Anlonio de Alancore Street.

Hamadad, Sweden

Al the end of the Ibum square (Stora Togot), to the right of the bakery (Te

in your city, leave a message and phone number month from approximately 5 pm to 8 pm local time unless otherwise noted. To start a meeting All meetings take place on the first Friday of the

at (516) 751-2600 or send email to meetings@2600.com

Page 54

2600 Magazine

Summer 1995

AST CHANCE

ABLE TO RESELL IT IN THE FUTURE FOR THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS. SO DON'T BE A FOOL, ORDER YOUR SHIRT TODAY BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE. \$10 EACH, 2 FOR \$26, AVAILABLE IN LARGE AND XTRALARGE. WHITE LETTERING ON BLACK BACKGROUND, BLUE BOX SCHEMATIC ON THE FRONT, CLIPPINGS ON THE BACK. WHO MANAGE TO SAVE ONE OF THESE, WE'RE CERTAIN YOU'LL BE NO, WE'RE NOT RAISING OUR PRICES. (WE'LL LET YOU KNOW.) THIS IS A DIFFERENT KIND OF LAST CHANCE. WE HAVE DECIDED, AFTER MUCH DEBATE, TO CHANGE THE DESIGN OF OUR T-SHIRTS. THERE WON'T BE ANY MORE. IF YOU'RE ONE OF THE LUCKY FEW THIS MEANS THAT ONCE WE GET RID OF THE CURRENT BATCH.

00000

NO! LEAVE ME ALONE. BUT SIGN ME UP FOR: YES! I'D BE A MORON NOT TO TAKE:

1 shirt/\$15 2 shirts/\$26 SIZE:

INDIVIDUAL SUBSCRIPTION

☐ 1 year/\$21 ☐ 2 years/\$38 ☐ 3 years/\$54 CORPORATE SUBSCRIPTION

☐ 1 year, individual/\$30 ☐ 1 year, corporate/\$65 □ 1 year/\$50 □ 2 years/\$90 □ 3 years/\$125 OVERSEAS SUBSCRIPTION

\$260 (you will get 2600 for as long as you can stand it) (also includes back issues from 1984, 1985, and 1986) LIFETIME SUBSCRIPTION

1984/\$25 \(\text{1} \) 1985/\$25 \(\text{1} \) 1986/\$25 \(\text{1} \) 1986/\$25 \(\text{1} \) 1990/\$25 \(\text{1} \) 1991/\$25 BACK ISSUES (invaluable reference material) □ 1992/\$25
□ 1993/\$25 □ 1994/\$25 ☐ 1987/\$25

(individual back issues for 1988 to present are \$6.25 each, \$7.50 overseas) (OVERSEAS: ADD \$5 PER YEAR OF BACK ISSUES)

TOTAL AMOUNT ENCLOSED:

Send orders to: 2600, PO Box 752, Middle Island, NY 11953 (Make sure you enclose your address!)